

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 32577

Title: Clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis

Reviewer's code: 00049331

Reviewer's country: Turkey

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2017-01-16 11:19

Date reviewed: 2017-01-17 14:27

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this large cohort, authors aimed to investigate clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis prospectively. First recognized result is that a rate of the thiopurine induced acute pancreatitis is lower than western studies. That lower rates should be mentioned in discussion explaining causes. And also autoimmune pancreatitis seems to be higher than other studies without Japanese results. Authors should also highlight this clinical importance. Types of acute pancreatitis should be mentioned in the result and discussion at least as mild and severe forms. This study could be accepted after added detailed information.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 32577

Title: Clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis

Reviewer's code: 00036951

Reviewer's country: Italy

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2017-01-16 11:19

Date reviewed: 2017-01-22 20:07

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors can extend with correlations between pancreatitis and other extra-GI manifestations of CU about the risk of colectomy

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 32577

Title: Clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis

Reviewer's code: 02941507

Reviewer's country: Greece

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2017-01-16 11:19

Date reviewed: 2017-01-22 22:33

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

? Among the patients with UC who developed acute pancreatitis, there were two patients in whom the appearance of acute autoimmune pancreatitis preceded the clinical diagnosis of UC, and three more patients in whom acute autoimmune pancreatitis appeared concurrently with the clinical manifestations of UC. This is an interesting observation which should be emphasized in the discussion section as so far, very few cases have described in the international literature (mainly referring to patients with Crohn's disease) See the following references: (Triantafillidis JK, Cheracakis P, Hereti IA, Argyros N, Karra E. Acute idiopathic pancreatitis complicating active Crohn's disease: favorable response to infliximab treatment. Am J Gastroenterol. 2000 Nov;95(11):3334-6. Triantafillidis JK, Cheracakis P, Merikas EG, Peros G. Acute pancreatitis may precede the clinical manifestations of Crohn's disease. Am J Gastroenterol. 2003 May;98:1210-1. Triantafillidis JK, Merikas E, Malgarinos G, Panteris V, Peros G. Acute idiopathic pancreatitis preceding diagnosis of Crohn's disease. Description of three cases. Rev Med Chir Soc Med Nat Iasi. 2009;113:97-102.) ? I wonder if there are epidemiological data concerning the incidence of acute pancreatitis in the country of origin of the work. If the answer is yes, then the readers of the paper



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might be interested to learn about the size of differences in the epidemiological features of pancreatitis between patients with UC and the general population. (Chen YT, Su JS, Tseng CW, Chen CC, Lin CL, Kao CH. Inflammatory bowel disease on the risk of acute pancreatitis: A population-based cohort study. *J Gastroenterol Hepatol*. 2016 Apr;31(4):782-7. doi: 10.1111/jgh.13171). ? What was the incidence of other extraintestinal manifestations in patients with acute pancreatitis compared to those without acute pancreatitis? These data would be of interest for the readers of the article. ? What was the proportion of asymptomatic elevation of serum amylase in the whole cohort of UC patients? ? Finally, it is well established that the rate of colectomy represents an important index of severity of the course of UC. In the discussion section the authors should use and discuss these data as an index of severity of the underlying UC.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 32577

Title: Clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis

Reviewer's code: 00068215

Reviewer's country: Romania

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2017-01-16 11:19

Date reviewed: 2017-01-23 01:52

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

There is an interesting study that evaluates the clinical course of UC patients who developed acute pancreatitis of all etiologies. One shortcoming is the lack of the data related to the types of acute pancreatitis, especially its severity; these could also influence the outcome of inflammatory disease. I also recommend evaluating if there is any correlation between acute pancreatitis and other extra intestinal manifestations.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 32577

Title: Clinical course of ulcerative colitis patients who developed acute pancreatitis

Reviewer's code: 00188995

Reviewer's country: India

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2017-01-16 11:19

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CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The author present interesting data on pancreatitis in UC. 1. The data has been obtained from a database and hence it is possible that all cases may not have been documented if the follow up was not systematic. There is large variability in follow up interval. This may explain the apparently low rate of AZT induced pancreatitis. 2. Table 3 and 4 show odds ratio for use of surgery and biologicals. However the need for surgery and biologicals depends on multiple factors which have to be analysed instead of acute pancreatitis alone (the number of outcomes in this study are insufficient to do multivariate analysis). 3. The authors can perhaps focus on AIP patients and their course of illness .