

STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Item No	Recommendation
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract ✓(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found
Introduction		
Background/rationale	2	✓ Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported
Objectives	3	✓ State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses
Methods		
Study design	4	✓ Present key elements of study design early in the paper
Setting	5	✓ Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection
Participants	6	✓(a) <i>Cohort study</i> —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up <i>Case-control study</i> —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls. <i>Cross-sectional study</i> —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. (b) <i>Cohort study</i> —For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed. <i>Case-control study</i> —For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case
Variables	7	✓ Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable
Data sources/measurement	8*	✓ For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group
Bias	9	✓ Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why
Statistical methods	12	✓(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding (b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions (c) Explain how missing data were addressed (d) <i>Cohort study</i> —If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed <i>Case-control study</i> —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed <i>Cross-sectional study</i> —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy (e) Describe any sensitivity analyses

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