

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases

Manuscript NO: 56292

Title: A Systematic Review of the Predictors of Severe and Critical COVID-19

Reviewer's code: 02989927

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, MSc, PhD

Professional title: Associate Research Scientist, Doctor, Research Associate, Senior Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Brazil

Author's Country/Territory: Egypt

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Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

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Reviewer performed review: 2020-04-26 15:50

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

A Systematic Review of the Predictors of Severe and Critical COVID-19, by Emile et al., 2020. This is a systematic review of the predictors of COVID-19. After having searched in 3 databases, authors retrieved 541 articles, but only 5 articles were retained for the review. The study has adhered to the methodology of PRISMA and assessed the quality of articles through MINORS. This article contributes to the quantitative view of potential predictors of worse outcome among those patients infected with COVID-19. All 5 retained studies have come from China, but the non-overlap of the samples' participants should be stated. Minor points: There are more limitations of study execution and article selection that preclude more solid interpretations. Please fix the Zhou et al., 2002 by 2020 in Tables 1, 2, and 3.