



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 58973

Title: Altered metabolism of bile acids correlates with clinical parameters and the gut microbiota in patients with diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome

Reviewer's code: 02531171

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: BSc, PhD

Professional title: Lecturer, Research Fellow

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Ireland

Author's Country/Territory: China

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Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

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Scientific quality	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

58973: Altered metabolism of bile acids correlates with clinical parameters and the gut microbiota in patients with diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome by Wei W et al,. This is a well-designed and well-executed study examining bile acid composition in IBS-D patients in addition to assessing potential correlations with changes in microbial profiles. It is well laid-out, clearly written with clear and informative figures and tables. I only have a couple of minor comments relating to this manuscript. Specific comments: Could the authors postulate as to why more bile acids are spilling over into the colons in IBS-D patients (rather than being recycled in the EHC?) Can the authors elaborate on the impact of BAs (and specific subtypes of bile acids) on microbes and how likely it is that changes in BA spillover is contributing to changes in microbial profiles? Is BA synthesis modified in IBS-D patients?