



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 59451

Title: Evaluation of controlled attenuation parameter in assessing hepatic steatosis in patients with autoimmune liver diseases

Reviewer's code: 00504828

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: PhD

Professional title: Adjunct Professor, Doctor, Research Associate

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2020-09-11

Reviewer chosen by: Jia-Ping Yan

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-10-23 13:29

Reviewer performed review: 2020-11-05 14:25

Review time: 13 Days

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



**Baishideng
Publishing
Group**

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite
160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA

Telephone: +1-925-399-1568

E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

https://www.wjgnet.com

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This retrospective study aimed to see the application of controlled attenuation parameter (CAP) for its reliability to diagnose hepatic steatosis in patients suffering autoimmune liver diseases. CAP are often used to measure stiffness of the liver to detect liver fibrosis. The report certainly add additional clinical cases to our knowledge. 1. There is a recent report by Ferraioli and colleagues studying essentially the same topic (G. Ferraioli et al. (2016) *Liver Int.*, 36, 1860-1866; <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27439331/>). This study is not cited in the manuscript – definitely an important study to be discussed.