



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 60220

Title: High prevalence of hepatic steatosis and vascular thrombosis in COVID-19: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of autopsy data

Reviewer's code: 05452497

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Chile

Manuscript submission date: 2020-10-21

Reviewer chosen by: Ya-Juan Ma

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-11-05 03:31

Reviewer performed review: 2020-11-07 02:20

Review time: 1 Day and 22 Hours

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No



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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The study is interesting and well performed; the clinical significance needs to be confirmed by additional studies. I have some issues to mention: Question1: We didn't know the patient's alcohol consumption, and didn't see the patient's detailed data. The hepatic steatosis may be caused by alcohol, non-alcohol or hepatitis. Pleasea give a brief explanation. Question2: Some patients have obesity,diabetes and hyperlipidemia. This phenomenon can lead to nonalcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD). NAFLD is described as a presence of non-alcoholic hepatic steatosis and liver tissue inflammation. The hepatic steastosis may be caseud by NAFLD or COVID-2019. Pleasea give a brief explanation in your disscusion.