

## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Cases

**Manuscript NO:** 62453

**Title:** Lymphangiomatosis Associated with Protein Losing Enteropathy: A Case Report

**Reviewer's code:** 00068278

**Position:** Editorial Board

**Academic degree:** MD

**Professional title:** Professor

**Reviewer's Country/Territory:** Turkey

**Author's Country/Territory:** China

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**Reviewer chosen by:** Jin-Lei Wang

**Reviewer accepted review:** 2021-01-12 05:33

**Reviewer performed review:** 2021-01-20 18:20

**Review time:** 8 Days and 12 Hours

<b>Scientific quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
<b>Language quality</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
<b>Conclusion</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<b>Re-review</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Peer-reviewer statements</b>	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

#### **SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

This is a report of a patient with lymphangiomatosis (intestine, colon, spleen, kidney, and liver), which rarely causes gastrointestinal protein loss. Unfortunately, gastrointestinal protein loss was not documented. It would be better if it was documented protein loss in the stool. It should be stated whether urinary protein loss is present or not. Although surgical resection was performed, the patient continued to have digestive tract bleeding. Capsule endoscopy would have been helpful for this patient.