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Retrospective Study

Characteristic analysis of clinical coronary heart disease and coronary artery disease concerning young and middle-aged male patients

Peng KG *et al.* CHD and CRD in young and middle-aged men

Kai-Ge Peng, Hui-Lin Yu

Abstract

BACKGROUND

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Trends in Clinical, Demographic, and Biochemical ...

<https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.112.001206>

In the present analysis from the American Heart Association (AHA) Get With The Guidelines Coronary Artery Disease (GWTG-CAD) program, we report the prevalences of clinical, demographic, and...

Cited by: 27 Author: Nathan M. Boyer, Warren K. Laskey, Mar...

Publish Year: 2012

Metabolomic Pattern Predicts Incident Coronary Heart Disease

<https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/ATVBAHA.118.312236>

Introduction. Despite a decline in coronary heart disease (CHD) incidence in most countries, CHD remains the leading cause of death globally. 1,2 Identifying individuals at increased risk of CHD can...

Cited by: 14 Author: Zhe Wang, Cong Zhu, Vijay Nambi, Alann...

Publish Year: 2019

PEOPLE ALSO ASK

Is there a difference between coronary heart disease and CHD? ▾

Is coronary artery disease a disease of senior citizens? ▾

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Asymptomatic coronary heart disease in patients with type ...

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Additionally, 35 (31%) patients had multivessel disease or left main disease, and 42 (38%) had a coronary artery with $\geq 75\%$ diameter stenosis. In the multivariate logistic-regression analysis to identif...

[PDF] Coronary Heart Disease - Home | AHA/ASA Journals

<https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/pdf/10.1161/01.cir.0000165121.50527.de>

Clinical Results The clinical characteristics of all patients are presented in Table 1. The 112 patients



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BACKGROUND The objective of this study was to investigate the **clinical characteristics** and prognosis of **coronary heart disease (CHD)** in **young patients**. **MATERIAL AND METHODS** We included 972 CHD **patients** (≤ 50 years old) with **coronary artery** stenting who were prospectively enrolled and followed for 1 year. **Clinical characteristics**, risk factors, and predictors of outcomes were evaluated.

Author: Ruyi Zheng, Yan Liu, Zirui Hao, Huoch... **Publish Year:** 2020

Anxiety disorders and cardiovascular disease

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5149447>

Anxiety is common in **patients** with **cardiovascular disease**, such as **coronary artery disease (CAD)**. Following an ACS, 20-30% of **patients** experience elevated levels of anxiety [1 , 2]. While post-ACS anxiety may be transient for some **patients**, in half of cases anxiety persists for up to 1 year post-event [1], suggesting that for many **patients** with **heart disease**, anxiety is a chronic condition.

Cited by: 138 **Author:** Christopher M. Celano, Daniel J. Daunis, ...

Publish Year: 2016

Gender differences in coronary heart disease

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3018605>

The clinical presentation of **coronary artery disease** and the interpretation of noninvasive diagnostic testing is less reliable in women compared with men, especially in the age group below 55 years when the prevalence of **coronary artery disease** is still relatively low. 32-34 Chest pain syndromes are more common in women than in men and are less related to the presence of atherosclerosis in the large ...

Cited by: 550 **Author:** A.H.E.M. Maas, Y.E.A. Appelman

Publish Year: 2010

Coronary Heart Disease | NHLBI, NIH

<https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health-topics/coronary-heart-disease>

Coronary heart disease is a type of **heart disease** that develops when the arteries of the **heart** cannot deliver enough oxygen-rich blood to the **heart**. It is the leading cause of death in the United States. **Coronary heart disease** is often caused by the buildup of plaque, a waxy substance, inside the lining of larger **coronary** arteries.

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[Clinical Characteristics and Prognosis of Young Patients ...](#)

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Cited by: 139 **Author:** Christopher M. Celano, Daniel J. Daunis, H...

Publish Year: 2016

[Trends in Characteristics and Outcomes of Patients ...](#)

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32058558>

Data **analysis** was performed from July 15 to October 4, 2019. Main outcomes and measures: Demographic **characteristics**, prevalence of risk factors, and **clinical** presentation divided into 3 eras (2003-2007, 2008-2012, and 2013-2016) and in-hospital mortality of PCI and CABG stratified by **clinical** ...

Cited by: 36 **Author:** Mohamad Alkhouli, Fahad Alqahtani, Ankur...

Publish Year: 2020

[Prognostic Implications of Plaque Characteristics and ...](#)

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31097161>

Background: Although the presence of ischemia is a key prognostic factor in **patients** with **coronary artery disease**, the presence of high-risk plaque **characteristics** (HRPC) is also associated with increased risk of cardiovascular events. Limited data exist regarding the prognostic implications of combined information on physiological stenosis severity assessed by fractional flow reserve (FFR ...

Cited by: 30 **Author:** Joo Myung Lee, Ki Hong Choi, Bon Kwon K...

Publish Year: 2019