

# **CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS**

Manuscript page number (Without Figures): 11 Rate: 6.2 CNY per page

Editing Fee: <u>68.2 CNY</u>

Figure count: \_\_\_\_\_Figure handling time: \_\_\_\_\_min Rate: 1 CNY per min

Editing Fee: \_\_\_\_\_CNY

XML and PDF converting time: 36 min Rate: 1 CNY per min

Editing Fee: <u>36 CNY</u>

Manuscript word count: 2512

Total Editing Fee: <u>104.2</u> CNY

		Comments
Item No.	Specific items for verification	Yes=[Y]
		No= [N]
	General Information of the Manuscript	
	Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases	
	Manuscript NO.: 69347	
	Column: Editorial	
	Title: Diet and Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth: is there evidence?	
1	Authors: Claudineia Souza, Raquel Rocha and Helma Pinchemel	[Y]
	Cotrim	
	<b>Reviewer code:</b> 00034489, 03713791, 03260095, and 05275052	
	First decision: 2021-07-27 02:35	
	Scientific Editor: Jia-Ru Fan	
	Date of signature: <u>March/14/2022</u> (month/day/year)	
2	Editorial Office's Comments	
	Science Editor: Scientific Quality: Grade D (Fair); Grade C (Good);	[Y]



	Grade B (Very Good); Grade C (Good) Language Quality: Grade B;	
	Grade B; Grade C; Grade B Conclusion: Major revision; Minor	
	revision; Minor revision; Minor revision Most of the references	
	used in the study are up-to-date. Revisions should be made in line	
	with the recommendations of the referees. All of the reviewer's	
	suggestions should be evaluated and necessary corrections should	
	be made. Although the authors stated that they made an English	
	language revision, it is seen that there is a Portuguese sentence in	
	the article. Therefore, the article should be revised in terms of	
	language. Recommendation: Conditional acceptance ( revision	
	should be made in terms of academic and language)	
	Company Editor-in-Chief: I have reviewed the Peer-Review	
	Report, full text of the manuscript, and the relevant ethics	
	documents, all of which have met the basic publishing requirements	
	of the World Journal of Hepatology, and the manuscript is	
	conditionally accepted. I have sent the manuscript to the author(s)	
	for its revision according to the Peer-Review Report, Editorial	
	Office's comments and the Criteria for Manuscript Revision by	
	Authors.	
3	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is	
	not too long (no more than 18 words). Words such as 'exploration',	
4	'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided.	[Y]
	The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic	
	numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	
5	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]



	The authors' full family (sur)names and full/abbreviated first	
6	names are listed on the title page and are consistent with those	[Y]
	listed in the signed BPG Copyright License Agreement form.	
	The 'Author contributions' passage describes the specific	
	contribution(s) made by each author. The author's names are listed	
	in the following format: full family (sur)name followed by	
	abbreviated first and middles names.	
	e.g., "Wang CL and Liang L contributed equally to this work; Wang	
7	CL, Liang L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the	[Y]
	research study; Wang CL, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM performed	
	the research; Xue JZ and Lu JR contributed new reagents and	
	analytic tools; Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF analyzed the data; and	
	Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF wrote the manuscript. All authors	
	have read and approve the final manuscript."	
	The 'Supported by' statement describes the source(s) of financial	
8	support and includes the corresponding identification number(s)	[N]
	and program ID(s) if available, and contains no spelling errors.	
	The 'Corresponding author' passage provides the corresponding	
	author's full first and family (sur)names, abbreviated title (e.g., MD,	
9	PhD), affiliated institute's name and complete postal address	[Y]
	(including zip code) and e-mail (written in all lowercase), and	
	contains no spelling errors.	
	The Manuscript Tracking information ( <i>i.e.</i> , Received, Peer review	
	started, First decision, Revised, Accepted, Article in press, and	
10	Published online) are provided along with the corresponding editor	[Y]
	and date for each item, and contain no spelling errors.	
	The Abstract section is formatted according to the article-specific	
	style (structured <i>vs</i> unstructured) and word count thresholds, as	
	follows:	[Y]
	Commentary, Frontier, Diagnostic Advances, Medical Ethics,	



	Minireview, Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 200 words.	
	Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 150 words.	
	Research articles: Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no	
	more than 20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS	
	(no less than 120 words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26	
	words).	
	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main	
12	content of the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized,	[Y]
	and each keyword is separated by a semicolon.	
	The "citation" contains authors' names and manuscript title. The	
	name of the first author should be typed in bold letters; the family	
	(sur) name of all authors should be typed with the first letter	
	capitalized, followed by their abbreviated first and middle initials.	
13	For example, an article by Jae Moon Yoon, Ki Young Son, Chun Sick	[Y]
	Eom, Daniel Durrance, Sang Min Park will be written as Yoon JM,	
	Son KY, Eom CS, Durrance D, Park SM. Pre-existing diabetes	
	mellitus increases the risk of gastric cancer: A meta-analysis. <i>World J</i>	
	<i>Gastroenterol</i> 2019; In press	
	The 'Core tip' provides a summary (less than 100 words) of the	
14	study that outlines the most innovative and important arguments	
	and core contents of the paper and will serve to effectively attract	[Y]
	readers.	



15	The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant background information for the study. Only the most relevant and current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined, with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [ <i>i.e.</i> , "computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns ( <i>e.g.</i> , 'T', 'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the current study, the information is presented carefully.	[Y]
16	The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the study.	[N]
17	The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and experimental results. Representative data and data that have scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either the text, a table or figure ( <i>i.e.</i> , chart, diagram, graph or image), but is not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences. Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear.	[N]
18	Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed as ${}^{a}P < 0.05$ , ${}^{b}P < 0.01$ ( $P > 0.05$ usually does not need to be denoted). If there are other series of $P$ values, ${}^{c}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{d}P < 0.01$ are used, and a third series of $P$ values is expressed as ${}^{e}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{f}P < 0.01$ . Statistical data is expressed as mean ± SD or mean ± SE.	[N]



The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings.[N]20The 'ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support ( <i>i.e.</i> , providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services ( <i>i.e.</i> , useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work.[N]21The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.[N]22The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for order of the first appearance of a source in the text, or citations where the author's name is indicated, in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e.</i> , "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Mal <sup>11</sup> reported,", "Pan et al <sup>12-51</sup> indicated,"; "PCR has a high sensitivityl <sup>16,91</sup> ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et al <sup>12-51</sup> , please see reference [8]).			
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<ul> <li>number should be placed following the name (<i>i.e</i>, "Pang <i>et al</i>"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma<sup>[1]</sup> [Y] reported", "Pan <i>et al</i><sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity<sup>[6,9]</sup>." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text</li> </ul>		order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations	
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