

## CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial $^{\star}$

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported
Title and abstract			on page No
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	1/
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	$\frac{\sim}{2}$
Introduction		(or specific guidance see control of abstracts)	
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	2,
objectives	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	2
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	N
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	- /-
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	4
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	4
nterventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	4w5.
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	4 mJ.
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	1/
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Inst.
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	1
Randomisation:			
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	N
generation	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	$\sim$
Allocation	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers),	
concealment mechanism		describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	$\mathcal{N}$
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	~
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those	$\sim$

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Statistical methods	11b 12a 12b	assessing outcomes) and how  If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions  Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes  Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	N 5 ±
Results Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended) Recruitment	13a 13b 14a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome  For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons  Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	<u>~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~</u>
Baseline data	14b 15	Why the trial ended or was stopped  A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	<u> </u>
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	
Outcomes and estimation	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	5-6
Ancillary analyses	17b 18	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	$\mathcal{L}$
Discussion Limitations Generalisability Interpretation	20 21 22	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	8 7~8 7~8·
Other information Registration Protocol Funding	23 24 25	Registration number and name of trial registry Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	<u> </u>

<sup>\*</sup>We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see <a href="https://www.consort-statement.org">www.consort-statement.org</a>.

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