

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com https://www.wjgnet.com

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 77743

Title: SARS-CoV-2 and the pancreas: What do we know about acute pancreatitis in

COVID-19 positive patients?

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05907822 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2022-05-17

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-05-18 00:38

Reviewer performed review: 2022-05-18 02:17

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No



Baishideng Publishing

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA

Telephone: +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

https://www.wjgnet.com

Peer-reviewer statements

Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors report recent evidence on the correlation between COVID-19 infection and acute pancreatitis.



7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com https://www.wjgnet.com

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 77743

Title: SARS-CoV-2 and the pancreas: What do we know about acute pancreatitis in

COVID-19 positive patients?

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 06040939 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Staff Physician

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Portugal

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2022-05-17

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-05-25 12:04

Reviewer performed review: 2022-05-25 17:10

Review time: 5 Hours

Scientific quality	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No



Baishideng

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA

Telephone: +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com https://www.wjgnet.com

Peer-reviewer

Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

statements Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This editorial provides a deep revision of the publications about the connection between SARS-CoV-2 virus and acute pancreatitis (AP) cases among COVID-19 patients. Besides the molecular mechanisms authors review the impact of the virus in pancreatitis' severity, diagnostic approaches, scores, and therapeutics using the most recent and relevant available literature. Thus, this in-depth manuscript compiles and summarizes important information for clinicians. The manuscript is well written with appropriated language and grammar. Abstract summarizes adequately the important messages. Enough references are presented. They are relevant and include recent articles on the area. "WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT ACUTE PANCREATITIS IN COVID-POSITIVE PATIENTS? - Authors' statement that "SARS-CoV-2 cannot be said to be an etiological agent of acute pancreatitis" is an accurate conclusion. Appropriate literature about AP severity in these patients is given. Are any differences of the severity of AP among vaccinated and non-vaccinated COVID-19 patients? We would expect that COVID-19 positive vaccinated patients have less severe AP with less multiorgan dysfunction. "COVID-19 VACCINE AND PANCREATITIS" it would be interesting to see if other vaccine types have any association with AP. Authors are correct in suggesting continuous monitoring and post-marketing surveillance. In the section "DO WE NEED TO CHANGE THE DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC APPROACH?" it's clear that available laboratory parameters and scores fail to predict outcome specifically in COVID-19 positive patients. The therapeutics are too extensive – it would be reasonable for an article about AP however it is pretended to point the differences in the management of COVID-19 patients with AP. Those differences (or similarities perhaps)



7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

https://www.wjgnet.com

aren't explicit. Figures seem to add little to the article since they depict CT and intraoperative findings non-specific to COVID-19 positive patients. I suggest eliminating those. I would find rather interesting to include tables regarding the proposed mechanisms of COVID-19 related-pancreatitis or its' approach.