

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 85026

Title: Bile acids and their receptors: Potential therapeutic targets in inflammatory bowel disease

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 02446498

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Japan

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-04-08

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-04-26 07:23

Reviewer performed review: 2023-05-04 10:13

Review time: 8 Days and 2 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation
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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this review manuscript, the authors summarize the recent findings about bile acids and their receptors in IBD. This is a well-written review paper. I have only minor comments. 1. There is no figure citation in the main text, although there are only citations for Table 2. Please indicate citations for figures and Table 1 in the main text. 2. The section "2.2 Bile acid metabolism in the intestine", 1st paragraph. "Changes in the intestinal epithelium of individuals with IBD decrease the reabsorption of bile acids by ASBT and increase the number of bile acids discharged in teh feces." Is this phenotype 3. The section "2.2 Bile acid related to changed nuclear recdeptor function(s)? metabolism in the intestine", 3rd paragraph. "This alteration reduces depolymerization and 7a-dehydroxylation, strongly decreasing the conversion capacity of the microbiota, resulting in a decrease in SBAs (DCA, LCA) and an elevation in primary and conjugated bile acids (CA, CDCA, TCA, GCA)." How does this phenotype influence receptor functions? 4. The section "3.2 RORyt" "Interestingly, similar to isolithocholic acid (isoLCA), isoLCA can also de-suppress Th17 cells differentiation by inhibiting RORyt." This sentence does not make sense. Is "similar to isoLCA" correct? Is "de-suppress"



correct? IsoLCA suppresses Th17 cells differentiation, doesn't it? 5. The section "4.3 UDCA". Please discuss what receptors are involed in the UDCA activity.



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Reviewer's code: 02620104

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Academic degree: PhD

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Reviewer's Country/Territory: Spain

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	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
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Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [] Anonymous [Y] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This review on the latest advances concerning the role of bile acids and their receptors as potential therapeutic targets in inflammatory bowel disease. The manuscript is well written and coherently organized. While I recommend this review to be published, there are issues that need to be addressed: 1. Table 1 is not referred in the body of the text. 2. The text does not refer to the Figures. The authors must insert references to the Figures in the appropriate place in the text. 3. "inflammatory bowel disease" is not contracted its abbreviation IBD to on several occasions. 4. Rewrite following sentences: .-Sentence in "2.1. Bile acid in the liver" when introducing HSD37. .-First sentence in "2.2 Bile acid metabolism in the intestine" when mentioning "micellar micelles". .-"Interestingly, similar to isolithocholic acid (isoLCA), isoLCA can also..." .- "The absence of Pak2 in Th17 cells Genetic deletion of Pak2 in Th17 cells decreases..." .-" ILC3 in intestinal draining lymph nodes expressed numerous significant class histocompatibility complexes, according Π to а recent study (MHCIIs)." .-"Akagbosu" et al. .-Akkermansia muciniphila. .-"PXR and CAR have the typical modular nuclear receptor structure, which consists of a hinge, a DNA-binding



domain (DBD), a ligand-binding domain, activation function 1 (AF-1), and activation function 2 (AF-2) (LBD)." 5. Suppress following sentences: .-"RORγt is a main transcription factor for Th17 cells." Before "In paradox,..." .-"Paneth cells, which are positioned at the base of small intestinal crypts, release -defensins and play a crucial role in regulating intestinal flora and preserving intestinal homeostasis" is repeated.