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## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastrointestinal Oncology

Manuscript NO: 86036

Title: Carcinoembryonic antigen, carbohydrate antigen 199 and carbohydrate antigen

724 in gastric cancer and their relationship with clinical prognosis

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 06120604

**Position:** Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

**Professional title:** Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-06-20

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-06-26 00:24

Reviewer performed review: 2023-07-06 02:59

Review time: 10 Days and 2 Hours

	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [ ] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	<ul> <li>[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair</li> <li>[ ] Grade D: No scientific significance</li> </ul>
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<ul> <li>[ ] Accept (High priority)</li> <li>[ ] Accept (General priority)</li> <li>[ Y] Minor revision</li> <li>[ ] Major revision</li> <li>[ ] Rejection</li> </ul>
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

#### SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors collected abundant clinical data to explore the diagnostic role of tumor markers of CEA, CA199 and CA724 in gastric cancer and their relationship with clinical prognosis. After reasonable setting groups of gastric cancer and control, the authors showed that the serum levels of CEA, CA199 and CA724 in gastric cancer group were significantly higher than those in control group (P < 0.05). The authors also found that the serum CEA, CA199 and CA724 expression levels in gastric cancer patients increased significantly with the increase of TNM stage, and the differences between groups were statistically significant (P < 0.05). In short, the topic of this manuscript is timely and interesting. The authors have organized the manuscript rationally, with good methodology and well-written English. However, some minor editing needs to be done before publication: 1. In this study, the authors said that gastric cancer usually develops insidiously without any specific symptoms in the early stages. So, with the help of tumor markers CEA, CA199 and CA724, how likely is the tumor to be diagnosed early? 2. The authors should provide appropriate ethical statement in this manuscript.



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Reviewer's code: 06120684

**Position:** Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor, Researcher

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Japan

Author's Country/Territory: China

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Reviewer accepted review: 2023-06-25 00:43

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	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Conclusion	<ul> <li>[ ] Accept (High priority)</li> <li>[ ] Accept (General priority)</li> <li>[ Y] Minor revision</li> <li>[ ] Major revision</li> <li>[ ] Rejection</li> </ul>
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous       [] Onymous         Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes       [Y] No

#### SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Generally, gastric cancer (GC) is a common malignant tumor of the digestive system originating from gastric epithelial cells, which lacks effective early diagnostic method. To address this challenge, in this study, the authors aimed at investigating the diagnostic value of tumor markers CEA, CA199 and CA724 in gastric cancer. The authors used primary clinical data, tumor marker detection, and statistical analysis to verify their hypothesis. The results showed that compared with healthy people, GC patients showed higher level of CEA, CA199 and CA724 in serum. Also, the expression levels of various indicators raised significantly with the increase of TNM stage. So, in my opinion, this paper is well-written. The experimental group setting is reasonable, and the results reflects the conclusion as well. I recommend its acceptance after the minor revision. The detailed comments are: 1) In Table 1, the authors showed the smoking and alcohol history of the patients and heathy people. Since GC is a common malignant tumor of the digestive system, why not giving more information of the patients and heathy people on their dietary habit? 2) There are several grammar and typo errors that need to be corrected. For example, the sentence "The positive rates of CEA, CA199 and CA724 in



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stage I, II, III and IV of gastric cancer were 89.66%, 93.10%, 98.85% and 100.00%, respectively, which were higher than those in CEA, CA199 and CA724" is somehow confusing. And in the sentence "and the expression levels of various indicators rised significantly with the increase of TNM stage", rised should be rose or raised.