

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 90212

Title: Clinical analysis of 12 cases of ovarian neuroendocrine carcinoma

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03354704

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Canada

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-11-27

Reviewer chosen by: Yu-Lu Chen

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-12-11 17:29

Reviewer performed review: 2023-12-18 06:04

Review time: 6 Days and 12 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation
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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Summary This was a retrospective review of 12 patients with neuroendocrine carcinomas (NECs) of the ovary, analyzing clinicopathologic features, treatment modalities and outcomes. The aim of the study was to enhance our understanding of ovarian NECs. The authors conclude that these tumors are rare, commonly involve young women and behave aggressively. Surgery is the mainstay of treatment with some benefit from adjuvant chemotherapy. Comments Of the 12 cases of NECs, 9 were small cell carcinoma and 3 large cell NEC. A major problem with the paper relates to terminology, classification and definition of these ovarian tumors. i) The small cell carcinoma, is this the hypercalcemic type? ii) SMARCA4 studies are very important in the classification. I don't see this mentioned in the manuscript. iii) The 3 large cell NECs: were they pure large cell, or small cell carcinoma with a large cell component? iv) CD56 aside, the immunohistochemical characterization (Cg- A 5/10, Syn 9/11) may not be sufficiently robust. v) The majority of small cell carcinomas arise in the lungs. In some cases, their initial manifestation may be as ovarian metastasis. A combination of imaging and immunohistochemistry may help to clarify this. Conclusion In my opinion, the



above-described 12 cases should be much better characterized using clinical, morphologic and molecular parameters in order to have better understanding of their neuroendocrine nature. Thank you.



RE-PEER-REVIEW REPORT

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	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
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Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [] No

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