

# CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS

## Manuscript page number: 34

# Manuscript word count: 8315

		Comments
Item No.	Specific items for verification	Yes=[Y]
		No= [N]
	General Information of the Manuscript	
	Name of journal: World Journal of Critical Care Medicine	
	Manuscript NO.: 67039	
	Column: Retrospective Study	
	Title: Sequential Organ Failure Assessment (SOFA) score is	
	superior to other prognostic indices in acute pancreatitis	
1	Authors: Thomas Zheng Jie Teng, Thaddaeus Tan, Samantha Baey,	[Y]
	Sivaraj K Gunasekaran, Sameer P Junnarkar, Jee Keem Low,	
	Cheong Wei Terence Huey and Vishal G Shelat	
	Reviewer code: 05466549	
	<b>First decision:</b> 2021-07-27 06:10	
	Scientific Editor: Jia-Ru Fan	
	Date of signature: <u>September/29/2021</u> (month/day/year)	
	Editorial Office's Comments	
	Science Editor: 1 Scientific quality: The manuscript describes a	
2	Retrospective Study of using SOFA score in acute pancreatitis. The	DVI
	topic is within the scope of the WJCCM. (1) Classification: Grade C;	[Y]
	(2) Summary of the Peer-Review Report: This is a relevant study	
	examining the superiority of SOFA score to other prognostic indices	



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in the prediction of severity, intensive care unit admissions and mortality in acute pancreatitis. This study's finding that SOFA score accurately predicting severity will help in future management of AP. The questions raised by the reviewer 05466549 should be answered; (3) Format: There are 3 figures and 2 tables; (4) References: A total of 47 references are cited, including 9 references published in the last 3 years; (5) Self-cited references: There is 1 self-cited reference; and (6) References recommendations: The authors have the right to refuse to cite improper references recommended by the peer reviewer(s), especially references published by the peer reviewer(s) him/herself (themselves). If the authors find the peer reviewer(s) request for the authors to cite improper references published by him/herself (themselves), please send the peer reviewer's ID number to editorialoffice@wjgnet.com. The Editorial Office will close and remove the peer reviewer from the F6Publishing system immediately. 2 Language evaluation: Classification: Grade B. 3 Academic norms and rules: The authors provided the Biostatistics Review Certificate, the Institutional Review Board Approval Form. Written informed consent was waived. No academic misconduct was found in the Bing search. 4 Supplementary comments: This is an invited manuscript. No financial support was obtained for the study. The topic has not previously been published in the WJCCM. 5 Issues raised: (1) The authors did not provide original pictures. Please provide the original figure documents. Please prepare and arrange the figures



	using PowerPoint to ensure that all graphs or arrows or text	
	portions can be reprocessed by the editor; (2) The title is too long,	
	and it should be no more than 18 words; (3) The "Article	
	Highlights" section is missing. Please add the "Article Highlights"	
	section at the end of the main text; And (4) Please re-write the	
	"Abstract" section according to the Guidelines and Requirements	
	for Manuscript Revision. 6 Re-Review: Not required. 7	
	Recommendation: Conditional acceptance.	
	Company Editor-in-Chief: I have reviewed the Peer-Review	
	Report, the full text of the manuscript, and the relevant ethics	
	documents, all of which have met the basic publishing requirements	
	of the World Journal of Critical Care Medicine, and the manuscript	
	is conditionally accepted. I have sent the manuscript to the	
	author(s) for its revision according to the Peer-Review Report,	
	Editorial Office's comments and the Criteria for Manuscript	
	Revision by Authors. The title of the manuscript is too long and	
	must be shortened to meet the requirement of the journal (Title: The	
	title should be no more than 18 words).	
3	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is	
	not too long (no more than 18 words). Words such as 'exploration',	
4	'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided.	[Y]
	The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic	
	numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	
5	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]



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abbreviated first and middles names.	
e.g., "Wang CL and Liang L contributed equally to this work; Wang	
CL, Liang L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the	[Y]
research study; Wang CL, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM performed	
the research; Xue JZ and Lu JR contributed new reagents and	
analytic tools; Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF analyzed the data; and	
Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF wrote the manuscript. All authors	
have read and approve the final manuscript."	
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and program ID(s) if available, and contains no spelling errors.	
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PhD), affiliated institute's name and complete postal address	[Y]
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follows:	[Y]
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	Minireview, Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 200 words.	
	Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 150 words.	
	Research articles: Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no	
	more than 20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS	
	(no less than 120 words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26	
	words).	
	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main	
12	content of the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized,	[Y]
	and each keyword is separated by a semicolon.	
	The "citation" contains authors' names and manuscript title. The	
	name of the first author should be typed in bold letters; the family	
	(sur) name of all authors should be typed with the first letter	
	capitalized, followed by their abbreviated first and middle initials.	
13	For example, an article by Jae Moon Yoon, Ki Young Son, Chun Sick	[Y]
	Eom, Daniel Durrance, Sang Min Park will be written as Yoon JM,	
	Son KY, Eom CS, Durrance D, Park SM. Pre-existing diabetes	
	mellitus increases the risk of gastric cancer: A meta-analysis. <i>World J</i>	
	<i>Gastroenterol</i> 2019; In press	
14	The 'Core tip' provides a summary (less than 100 words) of the	
	study that outlines the most innovative and important arguments	
	and core contents of the paper and will serve to effectively attract	[Y]
	readers.	



15	The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant background information for the study. Only the most relevant and current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined, with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [ <i>i.e.</i> , "computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns ( <i>e.g.</i> , 'T', 'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the current study, the information is presented carefully.	[Y]
16	The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the study.	[Y]
17	The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and experimental results. Representative data and data that have scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either the text, a table or figure ( <i>i.e.</i> , chart, diagram, graph or image), but is not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences. Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear.	[Y]
18	Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed as ${}^{a}P < 0.05$ , ${}^{b}P < 0.01$ ( $P > 0.05$ usually does not need to be denoted). If there are other series of $P$ values, ${}^{c}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{d}P < 0.01$ are used, and a third series of $P$ values is expressed as ${}^{e}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{f}P < 0.01$ . Statistical data is expressed as mean ± SD or mean ± SE.	[Y]



19The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings.[M]20The 'ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support ( <i>i.e.</i> , providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services ( <i>i.e.</i> , useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work.[M]21The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.[M]22The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section is the text, for citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e.</i> , "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Mal"I reported,", "Tan et al <sup>[0:5]</sup> indicated,"; "PCR has a high sensitivity <sup>[6:0]</sup> ". No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text ( <i>e.g.</i> , Pan et al <sup>[0:5]</sup> , please see reference [8]).		-	
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21The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.[M]The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e.</i> , "Pang <i>et al</i> "). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma <sup>[1]</sup> [Y]22the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma <sup>[1]</sup> reported", "Pan <i>et al</i> <sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity <sup>[6,9]</sup> ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other	
21[Y]original articles in accordance with the specified format.[Y]The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e</i> , "Pang <i>et al</i> "). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma <sup>[1]</sup> reported", "Pan <i>et al</i> <sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity <sup>[6,9]</sup> ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		auxiliary work.	
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23	Journal references have been verified to ensure that there are no	
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