

Supplemental Table 1. Characteristics of Those Completing Variceal Obliteration vs No Endoscopic Follow Up

Measures	Obliteration (<i>n</i> = 33)	No Post-Discharge EGD (<i>n</i> = 46)	<i>P</i> value
Male, <i>n</i> (%)	18 (55)	29 (63)	.4919
Age, median (range), years	53 (34 – 78)	54.5 (31 – 82)	.5222
Etiology of Cirrhosis, <i>n</i> (%)			
Alcohol	19 (58)	28 (61)	.8189
Hepatitis C	4 (12)	6 (13)	1
Other	10 (30)	12 (26)	.8002
Recent Alcohol Use, <i>n</i> (%)	15 (45)	21 (46)	1
Distance from Hospital, median (range), kilometers	24.9 (0.8 – 80.3)	20.9 (1.5 – 95.1)	.7566
MELD score, median (range)	12 (6 – 18)	13 (7 – 26)	.1615
Child-Turcotte-Pugh Classification, <i>n</i> (%)			
A	11 (33)	9 (20)	.1957
B	17 (52)	27 (59)	.6468
C	5 (15)	10 (21)	.5669
Index Bleed in 2007 or earlier, <i>n</i> (%)	15 (45)	19 (41)	.8187
Medicaid* or Uninsured, <i>n</i> (%)	7 (21)	17 (37)	.1472
Comorbid Psychiatric Disorder, <i>n</i> (%)	9 (27)	19 (41)	.2382
Length of Stay, median (range), days	6 (2 – 33)	5 (3 – 75)	.5093
Beta-Blocker at Discharge, <i>n</i> (%)	30 (91)	38 (80)	.3436

MELD, Model for End-Stage Liver Disease

**Government-sponsored health plan that assists with medical costs in selected low income individuals*