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Risk factors for postoperative sepsis in patients with gastrointe



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Assuming that the patients with peptic ulcer perforation are septic upon admission, the determinants of mortality in sepsis should hold true for perforation peritonitis as well. It is necessary to recognize patients at risk preoperatively and prepare for an intensive postoperative management strategy.

Identifying Risk Factors for Postoperative Sepsis in ...

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Introduction: Surgeons should consider optimizing a patient's modifiable risk factors before elective surgery to reduce morbidity and mortality. Postoperative sepsis is a rare but serious complication following elective surgery. The purpose of this study was to identify the rate of postoperative sepsis following elective laparoscopic gastric bypass and to identify pertinent pre-operative ...

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Few studies have evaluated the risk factors for in-hospital mortality in critically ill surgical patients who have undergone emergency gastrointestinal (GI) surgery. The aim of this study was to identify the risk factors associated with in-hospital mortality in critically ill surgical patients after emergency GI surgery.

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Author: Jin Young Lee, Seung Hwan Lee, Myung ...

Publish Year: 2016

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<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1015958415000494>

The postoperative complications suffered by the patients are presented in Table 3, which included sepsis in six patients; severe anemia in two patients; shunt failure in two patients; and surgical wound infection, anastomotic stenosis, ileus, colitis, pneumonitis, heart failure, respiratory failure, cerebral infarction, and subarachnoid hemorrhaging in one patient each. Three of these patients ...

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Publish Year: 2016



Name of Journal: *World Journal of Clinical Cases*

Manuscript NO: 53044

Manuscript Type: ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Case Control Study

Risk factors for postoperative sepsis in patients with gastrointestinal perforation

Xu X *et al.* Risk factors for sepsis

Abstract

BACKGROUND

Sepsis is fatal in patients with gastrointestinal perforation (GIP). There were few studies focused on it.

AIM

To investigate the risk factors for postoperative sepsis in patients with GIP.

METHODS

This was a retrospective study performed at the Department of General Surgery in our treatment center. From January 2016 to

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Evaluation of risk factors associated with ...

www.saudisurgj.org/article.asp?issn=2320-3846;year=2018;volume=6;issue=2;spage=34;...

Our study was conducted to evaluate the **risk factors** and outcome of **postoperative hyperbilirubinemia in patients with perforation peritonitis**. Materials and Methods: A prospective observational study of 100 **patients** was conducted between January 2013 and December 2014; they underwent surgery for generalized **peritonitis caused by GI perforations** in the Department of ...

Author: Rekha Porwal, Amit Singh, Atul Jain, ...

Publish Year: 2018

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Perforated Bowel | Sepsis Alliance

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Your GI tract can perforate because of a GI-related condition or disease, or from a trauma. Conditions that may cause a perforation include: 1. Diverticulitis 2. Ulcerative colitis 3. Crohn's disease 4. Toxic megacolon 5. Strangulated hernia, which can result in poor blood flow to the intestines 6. Peptic ulcer disease 7. Forceful vomiting 8. Loss of blood or poor blood flow to the intestine caused by a blockage in the arteryThe most common trauma that causes a perforated bowel occurs during...

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Gastrointestinal perforation

Gastrointestinal perforation, also known as ruptured bowel, is a hole in the wall of part of the gastrointestinal tract. The gastrointestinal tract includes the esophagus, stomach, small intestine, and large intestine. Symptoms include severe abdominal pain and tenderness. When the hole is in the stomach or early part of the small intestine the onset of pain is typically sudden while with a hole in the large intestine onset may be more gradual. The pain is usually constant in nature. Sepsis, with an increased heart rate, increased breathing rate, fever, and confusion may occur.



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