



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Diabetes

Manuscript NO: 56989

Title: Use of glycated albumin for the identification of diabetes in subjects from northeast China

Reviewer's code: 05261052

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: FACC, MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor, Research Associate, Research Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Austria

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2020-11-19

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-11-24 02:06

Reviewer performed review: 2020-11-24 02:35

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Metabolic memory is important in the diagnosis and treatment of diabetes in the early stage and in maintaining blood glucose concentrations within the normal range. The clinical diagnosis of diabetes mellitus is currently made using fasting plasma glucose, 2h-PG during a 75 g oral glucose tolerance test and HbA1c level. However, the FPG test requires fasting, which is a barrier to screening, and reproducibility of the 2h-PG level is poor. HbA1c is affected by a shortened red blood cell lifespan. In patients with anemia and hemoglobinopathies, the measured HbA1c levels may be inaccurate. Compared with HbA1c, glycated albumin is characterized by more rapid and greater changes, and can be used to diagnose new-onset diabetes especially if urgent early treatment is required, for example in gestational diabetes. In this study, the authors provided cutoff values for glycated albumin and to evaluate its utility as a screening and diagnostic tool for diabetes in a large high-risk group study. Overall, this study is very well designed and the results are interesting. I have some minor comments: 1. Some minor language polishing should be proofed, and revised. 2. The results are well discussed. However, the references should be updated. 3. Tables require an editing.



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Diabetes

Manuscript NO: 56989

Title: Use of glycated albumin for the identification of diabetes in subjects from northeast China

Reviewer's code: 05261057

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: FRCPE, MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor, Research Associate, Research Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2020-11-19

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-11-24 02:07

Reviewer performed review: 2020-11-24 02:41

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Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The use of HbA1c for the diagnosis of diabetes is a complement to other measures. However, HbA1c is affected by a shortened red blood cell lifespan. In patients with anemia and hemoglobinopathies, the measured HbA1c levels may be inaccurate. Compared with HbA1c, glycated albumin is more rapid to diagnose new-onset diabetes. In this study, the authors evaluated the utility of glycated albumin in identifying subjects with diabetes. The design of the study is good, with clear aims. Methods are described in detail, and the results are very interesting. The sample size is big, and enough. Comments: 1. Manuscript requires an editing, both the language and the format. Please revise the manuscript according to the journal's guidelines. 2. The references are well cited, and discussed with the results. However, please check and update the reference list.