

Hepatic steatosis as an independent risk factor for severe ...

<https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/jgh3.12395>

Chest CT severity score and CTL/S. Non-enhanced CT images in a 57 years-old male with COVID-19 pneumonia. Axial images in upper, mid and basal portions of the thorax (figs. a-c) and coronal reformation (fig. d) demonstrate multiple and bilateral ground-glass opacities that involve more than 50% of some segments.

Author: Andres Palomar-Lever, Gustavo Barra... Publish Year: 2020

Corticosteroids | COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines

[https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/...](https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/)

Nov 03, 2020 · This was a retrospective cohort study in patients with nonsevere COVID-19 pneumonia and propensity score-matched controls. 28. Study Population. This study enrolled 475 patients with nonsevere COVID-19 pneumonia on a chest computerized tomography (CT) scan who were hospitalized at the Shanghai Public Health Clinical Center from January to June ...

Clinical features and risk factors of COVID-19-associated ...

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1665268120301824>

Oct 11, 2020 · Specifically, 11.3% of the COVID-19 patients in our study were diagnosed with hepatic steatosis based on chest CT imaging. Our results suggest that the patients with hepatic steatosis had more than twice the incidence of liver dysfunction when compared with patients without hepatic steatosis.

Author: Faxiang Chen, Wei Chen, Jianpu Che... Publish Year: 2021

The prognostic value of pneumonia severity score and ...

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0720048X20304605>

Oct 01, 2020 · Chung et al. examined 21 adult COVID-19 patients, and they showed that patients with high pneumonia severity score (PSS) had a more advanced clinical disease score. Furthermore, Li and colleagues [18] demonstrated an excellent interobserver agreement with ICC of 0.976 (95 % CI: 0.962–0.985) for the PSS assessment on CT.

Cited by: 3 Author: Furkan Ufuk, Mahmut Demirci, Ergin Sag...

Publish Year: 2020

Use of Severity Scoring and Stratification Factors in ...

https://academic.oup.com/cid/article/51/Supplement_4/S674/S670

Clinical Spectrum | COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines

<https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/overview/clinical-spectrum>



Dec 17, 2020 Patients with COVID-19 are considered to have severe illness if they have SpO₂ <94% on room air at sea level, a respiratory rate of >30 breaths/min, PaO₂/FIO₂ <300 mm Hg, or lung infiltrates >50%. These patients may experience rapid clinical ...

Hepatic Steatosis: Assessment with Acoustic Structure ...

<https://pubs.rsna.org/doi/10.1148/radiol.2015141779>

Introduction. Hepatic steatosis, which indicates the accumulation of fat in hepatocytes, is common and has a broad disease spectrum according to its pathogenesis and its severity. Clinically, the occurrence of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease, the most common type of hepatic steatosis, is strongly correlated with metabolic disease, including type 2 diabetes mellitus and atherosclerotic ...

Cited by: 63 Author: Jee-Young Son, Jee Young Lee, Nam-Joo...
Publish Year: 2016

COVID-IRS: A novel predictive score for risk of invasive ...

<https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0248357>

Apr 05, 2021 Background Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a systemic disease that can rapidly progress into acute respiratory failure and death. Timely identification of these patients is crucial for a proper administration of health-care resources. Objective To develop a predictive score that estimates the

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Manuscript Type: ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Retrospective Cohort Study
Frequency of hepatic steatosis and its association with the pneumonia severity score on chest computed tomography in adult COVID-19 patients

Steatosis and Pneumonia Severity Score in COVID-19

Mehmet Tahtabasi, Tugrul Hosbul, Ergin Karaman, Yasin Akin, Nihat Kilicaslan, Mehmet Gezer, Fatih Sahiner

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Clinical Spectrum | COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines

<https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/overview/clinical-spectrum> ▾



Dec 17, 2020 - See Therapeutic Management of Patients With COVID-19 for recommendations regarding SARS-CoV-2-specific therapy. Severe Illness. Patients with COVID-19 are considered to have severe illness if they have SpO₂ <94% on room air a...

Coronavirus Disease 2019–Associated Thrombosis and ...

<https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.120.019650>

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus-2 (SARS-CoV-2), which has posed a significant threat to global health. The outbreak was identified in Wuhan, China, in December 2019, declared a public health emergency of international concern on January 30, 2020, and recognized as a pandemic on March 11, 2020.

Cited by: 2 Author: Luis Ortega-Paz, Davide Capodanno, Gill...
Publish Year: 2021

COVID-IRS: A novel predictive score for risk of invasive ...

<https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0248357> ▾

Apr 05, 2021 - Background Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a systemic disease that can rapidly progress into acute respiratory failure and death. Timely identification of these patients is crucial for a proper administration of health-care resources. Objective To develop a predictive score that estimates the risk of invasive mechanical ventilation (IMV) among patients with COVID-19.

Comparison of CT and magnetic resonance mDIXON-Quant ...

<https://www.birpublications.org/doi/full/10.1259/bjr.20170587>

Our results indicate that there is a good association in hepatic steatosis measurement between mDIXON-Quant and CT L, CT L/S, and CT L-S. When standard criteria were used to diagnose hepatic steatosis >5%, we found that the sensitivity varied from 21.5 ...

Cited by: 9 Author: Yong Zhang, Chao Wang, Yangyang Dua...
Publish Year: 2018

Efficacy and tolerability of bevacizumab in patients with ...

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-021-21085-8>