

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Virology

Manuscript NO: 67224

Title: COVID-19: A pluralistic and integrated approach for efficient management of the

pandemic

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05336599

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Turkey

Author's Country/Territory: Mali

Manuscript submission date: 2021-04-21

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-04-21 11:28

Reviewer performed review: 2021-04-21 12:07

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No



Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The good and original study in the COVID-19 pandemic. It can be accepted.



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Reviewer's code: 05824656

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Brazil

Author's Country/Territory: Mali

Manuscript submission date: 2021-04-21

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-04-23 14:53

Reviewer performed review: 2021-05-03 14:00

Review time: 9 Days and 23 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [Y] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
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Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Authors present a systematic review of the literature, concerning aspects of integrative approach to the research, prevention, control and treatment of COVID-19. The subject is relevant. However, I have some concerns. The definition of multidisciplinarity is missing from the article. Despite the authors citing multidisciplinarity, they were restricted to the health area and other professionals linked to the health area. In this period there were important contributions by biochemists (vaccines), biomedical, (equipment such respirators), mathematicians engineers as (statisticians), physiotherapists and several other professionals, using these professionals would constitute a multidisciplinarity. According to the article, the concept of multidisciplinarity is very limited. In the way it is, in my opinion, the article consists of a convergence of some health-related areas. Thus, this definition is important. Authors should rethink the title and the purpose of the article, mainly in relation to multidisciplinarity. Despite the "Introduction" proposing a collaborative approach, this approach was not clear in the text. What would be the result intended by the authors, I did not understand. Despite being in the title and in the conclusion, multidisciplinarity was little highlighted in the text. A major flaw and concern in relation to the article lies in the "Methods". A systematic review has guidelines that must be obeyed. The terms and logical connectors used for the search must be better identified. What was the number of articles used in the systematic review? How many articles were discarded and what were the reasons? The quality of the articles included was not presented. What study designs were analyzed? Another major concern was regarding the search source, the authors searched only at PUBMED. How many authors participated in the selection



of articles? How were the differences in the selection of articles resolved? How many authors did the data collection? How were the differences in data collection resolved? "Results and Discussion" presented are very useful, but a table showing the authors, methods and conclusion of the articles included in this systematic review would be very important.