

# CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS

Manuscript page number (Without Figures): 29 Rate: 6.2 CNY per page

Editing Fee: <u>179.8</u> CNY

Figure count: <u>1</u> Figure handling time: <u>10</u> min Rate: <u>1</u> CNY per min

Editing Fee: <u>10</u> CNY

XML and PDF converting time: 10 min Rate: 1 CNY per min

Editing Fee: <u>10</u> CNY

Manuscript word count: 8261

Total Editing Fee: 199.8 CNY

Scientific Editor: Kai-Le Chang

Date of signature: <u>3/17/2023</u> (month/day/year)

		Comments
Item No.	Specific items for verification	Yes=[Y]
		No= [N]
	General Information of the Manuscript	
	Name of journal: World Journal of Hepatology	
	Manuscript NO.: 80986	
	Column: Minireviews	
1	Title: COVID-19 and liver dysfunction in children: Current views	[Y]
	and new hypotheses	
	Authors: Yang-Fang Yun, Zhi-Yuan Feng and Jing-Jing Zhang	
	<b>Reviewer code:</b> 03622345, 02536349, and 03622345	
	<b>First decision:</b> 2023-01-03 07:38	
2	Editorial Office's Comments	
	Science Editor: Remind Revision at 2023-01-12 08:18	[Y]



	Company Editor-in-Chief: I recommend the manuscript to be	
	published in the World Journal of Hepatology. 本刊 6 月份将获得首	
	个影响因子。 Before final acceptance, when revising the	
	manuscript, the author must supplement and improve the	
	highlights of the latest cutting-edge research results, thereby further	
	improving the content of the manuscript. To this end, authors are	
	advised to apply a new tool, the Reference Citation Analysis (RCA).	
	RCA is an artificial intelligence technology-based open	
	multidisciplinary citation analysis database. In it, upon obtaining	
	search results from the keywords entered by the author, "Impact	
	Index Per Article" under "Ranked by" should be selected to find the	
	latest highlight articles, which can then be used to further improve	
	an article under preparation/peer-review/revision. Please visit our	
	RCA database for more information at:	
	https://www.referencecitationanalysis.com/.	
3	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is	[1]
	not too long (no more than 18 words). Words such as 'exploration',	
4	'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided.	[Y]
	The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic	
	numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	
5	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]
	The authors' full family (sur)names and full/abbreviated first	
6	names are listed on the title page and are consistent with those	[Y]
	listed in the signed BPG Copyright License Agreement form.	



7	The 'Author contributions' passage describes the specific contribution(s) made by each author. The author's names are listed in the following format: full family (sur)name followed by abbreviated first and middles names. <i>e.g.,</i> "Wang CL and Liang L contributed equally to this work; Wang CL, Liang L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the research study; Wang CL, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM performed	[Y]
	the research; Xue JZ and Lu JR contributed new reagents and analytic tools; Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF analyzed the data; and Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF wrote the manuscript. All authors have read and approve the final manuscript."	
8	The 'Supported by' statement describes the source(s) of financial support and includes the corresponding identification number(s) and program ID(s) if available, and contains no spelling errors.	[Y]
9	The 'Corresponding author' passage provides the corresponding author's full first and family (sur)names, abbreviated title ( <i>e.g.</i> , MD, PhD), affiliated institute's name and complete postal address (including zip code) and e-mail (written in all lowercase), and contains no spelling errors.	[Y]
10	The Manuscript Tracking information ( <i>i.e.</i> , Received, Peer review started, First decision, Revised, Accepted, Article in press, and Published online) are provided along with the corresponding editor and date for each item, and contain no spelling errors.	[Y]
11	The Abstract section is formatted according to the article-specific style (structured <i>vs</i> unstructured) and word count thresholds, as follows: <u>Commentary, Frontier, Diagnostic Advances, Medical Ethics,</u> <u>Minireview, Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight</u> : Non-structured abstract that is no less than 200 words. <u>Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor</u> :	[Y]



	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 150 words.	
	Research articles: Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no	
	more than 20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS	
	(no less than 120 words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26	
	words).	
	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main	
12	content of the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized,	[Y]
	and each keyword is separated by a semicolon.	
	The "citation" contains authors' names and manuscript title. The	
	name of the first author should be typed in bold letters; the family	
	(sur) name of all authors should be typed with the first letter	
	capitalized, followed by their abbreviated first and middle initials.	
13	For example, an article by Jae Moon Yoon, Ki Young Son, Chun Sick	[Y]
	Eom, Daniel Durrance, Sang Min Park will be written as Yoon JM,	
	Son KY, Eom CS, Durrance D, Park SM. Pre-existing diabetes	
	mellitus increases the risk of gastric cancer: A meta-analysis. World J	
	Gastroenterol 2019; In press	
	The 'Core tip' provides a summary (less than 100 words) of the	
14	study that outlines the most innovative and important arguments	5.4.7
14	and core contents of the paper and will serve to effectively attract	[Y]
	readers.	
	The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant	
15	background information for the study. Only the most relevant and	
	current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the	
	exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All	
	technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined,	[Y]
	with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in	
	the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [i.e.,	
	"computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns (e.g., 'I',	
	'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed	
	1	



	by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are	
	described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the	
	current study, the information is presented carefully.	
	The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately	
16	describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data	[N]
	presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the	
	study.	
	The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and	
	experimental results. Representative data and data that have	
	scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either	
17	the text, a table or figure ( <i>i.e.</i> , chart, diagram, graph or image), but is	[N]
	not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and	
	figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences.	
	Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear.	
	Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed	
	as ${}^{a}P < 0.05$ , ${}^{b}P < 0.01$ ( $P > 0.05$ usually does not need to be denoted).	
18	If there are other series of <i>P</i> values, ${}^{c}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{d}P < 0.01$ are used,	[N]
10		[ + N ]
	and a third series of <i>P</i> values is expressed as ${}^{e}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{f}P < 0.01$ .	
	Statistical data is expressed as mean $\pm$ SD or mean $\pm$ SE.	



19The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings.[N]20The 'ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support ( <i>i.e.</i> , providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services ( <i>i.e.</i> , useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work.[N]21The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.[N]22The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e.</i> , "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "MalU reported,", "Pan et al <sup>DSI</sup> indicated,"; "PCR has a high sensitivityt <sup>68</sup> ," No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text ( <i>e.g.</i> , Pan <i>et al</i> <sup>DSI</sup> , place see reference [8]).		-	
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<ul> <li>order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (<i>i.e.</i>, "Pang <i>et al</i>"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma<sup>[1]</sup></li> <li>22 be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma<sup>[1]</sup></li> <li>reported", "Pan <i>et al</i><sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity<sup>[6,9]</sup>." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text</li> </ul>		The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver	
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<ul> <li>number should be placed following the name (<i>i.e.</i>, "Pang <i>et al</i>"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma<sup>[1]</sup> [Y] reported", "Pan <i>et al</i><sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity<sup>[6,9]</sup>." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text</li> </ul>		order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations	
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