

# PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal:	World	Journal	of	Psych	iiatry
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Manuscript NO: 82883

Title: Population-based affective-disorder-related biomedical/biophysical

multi-hyper-morbidity across the lifespan: A 16-year population study

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

**Reviewer's code:** 02445242 **Position:** Editorial Board

Academic degree: MAMS, MBBS, MD

**Professional title:** Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: India
Author's Country/Territory: Canada

Manuscript submission date: 2023-01-05

Reviewer chosen by: Yu-Lu Chen

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-02-03 16:52

Reviewer performed review: 2023-02-12 07:31

**Review time:** 8 Days and 14 Hours

	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ Y] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ Y] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[ ]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous  Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

### SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This article is an excellent illustration of the high rates of comorbidity among psychiatric disorders. The novel method of analysis of the population-based sample provides further insight into the complex nature of comorbidity in affective disorder. I had a few minor issues about the way the results have been presented. ABSTRACT Introduction & objectives are similar. Ideally, a background of one or two sentences can be provided. Objectives (Aims) of the study should be separated from the background. The meaning of the terms "biomedical and biophysical morbidity" is not exactly clear. What is the distinction between them? If the authors mean psychiatric and physical comorbidity, why not use these terms instead? Other terms such as "comprehensive temporal hyper-morbidity" need to be explained. INTRODUCTION The references stated in the first line (Numerous studies have examined the comorbidity of affective disorders and other mental processes and disorders 1-9) are a bit puzzling since there are more comprehensive reviews of medical comorbidity in mood disorders. For example -Schaffer et al. Ann Clin Psychiatry. 2012 Feb;24(1):6-22 Ramasubbu et al. Ann Clin Psychiatry. 2012 Feb;24(1):82-90 Kilbourne. Bipolar Disord.



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Oct;6(5):368-73 McIntyre et al. Ann Clin Psychiatry. 2012 May;24(2):163-9 Krishnan. Psychosom Med. 2005 Jan-Feb;67(1):1-8 METHODS One of the authors' stated objectives was to - "...present the current state of the art of biomedical and biophysical morbidity associated with mental disorder in large population-based samples in the published literature (PubMed)." Although the authors have stated that standard methodology was not followed, the details of these PubMed searches are still too sketchy. Moreover, none of the conclusions derived from this search (mentioned in the discussion) can be made out from Table 1. RESULTS Table 2 is a very interesting comparison between individuals with and without affective disorders. But the title of the table appears somewhat incomplete. Although the text states that - "As well, there are more females than males with affective disorder and they have in total and on average a higher frequency of biomedical and biophysical diagnoses." - the table does not make this clear. Moreover, if the group without affective disorder includes individuals with other psychiatric disorders, is it possible to conclude that the rates of physical comorbidities are higher in affective disorders than other psychiatric disorders? The figures also need more comprehensive descriptions. For example, I could not understand how this conclusion was derived - "From the full distribution of age-specific proportional ratios distributions shown for males and females in Figures 3 and 6, it is apparent that females have more laboratory testing and procedures, while males have more V code diagnoses" DISCUSSION As mentioned above, the conclusions derived from the PubMed searches are unclear. Apart from the ones mentioned, there are many other methodological lacunae in the current state of research into comorbidity in psychiatric disorders. This could be briefly mentioned in the conclusion



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Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

**Peer-review model:** Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05789838 Position: Editorial Board Academic degree: PhD

**Professional title:** Associate Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Canada

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	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [ ] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous  Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript is generally satisfactory, but the literature review as well as the discussion section are too brief and many relevant literature are not covered, and the authors are advised to further revise the literature review and discussion.