## **STROBE** Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cross-sectional studies*

	Item No	Recommendation	
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the	
		abstract	
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was	
		done and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being	
		reported	
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	
		recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	
Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of	
		participants	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and	
		effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of	
measurement		assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if	
		there is more than one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	
Quantitative	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If	
variables		applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	
		confounding	
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	<u> </u>
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	<u> </u>
		(d) If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling	$\mathcal{N}$
		strategy	
		( <u>e</u> ) Describe any sensitivity analyses	$\gamma$
Results			,
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers	$\checkmark$
		potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in	
		the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical,	
		social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of	
		interest	
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	$\gamma$
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted	$\mathcal{N}$
		estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear	
		which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	,
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk	$\overline{\mathcal{N}}$

		for a meaningful time period	
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done-eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and	
		sensitivity analyses	
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias	
		or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives,	
		limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other	
		relevant evidence	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	
Other information			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study	
		and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	

\*Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.