

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 86246

Title: Efficacy and dose response of Lactiplantibacillus plantarum in diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05329903

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: Denmark

Manuscript submission date: 2023-06-09

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-06-11 20:41

Reviewer performed review: 2023-06-12 20:17

Review time: 23 Hours

	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review:] Anonymous [Y] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [Y] Yes] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

A randomized controlled trial to assess one strain (L. plantarum Lpla33) in two doses versus placebo for the treatment of IBS-D. Well done study that is comprehensively described and nicely written. A few minor comments should be addressed. 1. Introduction, 3rd paragraph. When discussing the results of reference #13 (Wang Y 2022), the authors state "...probiotic strain selection likely a key limitation for singe strain studies." Please clarify what you mean by this. Were separate sub-groups of identical strains assessed in Wang 2022 or not? Were there insufficient numbers of studies with the same single strain to analyze? Why is a single strain a limitation? 2. In Study design and procedures. Please describe how subjects were recruited? This is often not well described in trials. Was the study advertised? Did physicians enroll patients during clinic visits? Etc. 3. In Results. Study parameters. Please provide attrition rate. 4. In Discussion, 3rd paragraph. Please discuss other important meta-analysis of IBS which assessed 14 different probiotic types (McFarland LV 2021 in Eclin Med). Otherwise, good review of other strains with dose-responses. 5. References. Reference #14 is not a valid reference, as it is an internal document and not published. Authors should cite this



source within the text. Reference #16. Provide a more complete description of this source, Authors? Title? Etc. not just url address. Reference #27. Missing title. Reference #33. Missing authors. 6. Figure 1 and 2. Nicely done. 7. Tables. Clear and well done.



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Title: Efficacy and dose response of Lactiplantibacillus plantarum in diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05665395

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: N/A

Professional title: Director, Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Denmark

Manuscript submission date: 2023-06-09

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-06-09 21:54

Reviewer performed review: 2023-06-13 01:23

Review time: 3 Days and 3 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
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Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Probiotics have shown promise in alleviating symptoms of diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS-D); however, certainty of evidence is low. Well-powered randomized controlled dose-ranging trials are warranted on promising single-strain candidates.It is not an interesting manuscript. Authors cannot succeed to present their idea in a clear way adding information to the existing literature. What are the original findings of this manuscript? What are the new hypotheses that this study proposed? What are the new findings of this study? What are the new concepts that this study proposes? What are the future directions of the topic described in this manuscript?