## STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Item No.	Recommendation	Page No.	Relevant text from manuscript				
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	1					
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	2-3					
Introduction								
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	4					
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	5					
Methods								
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	5-7					
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	5-7					
Participants	6	<ul> <li>a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up</li> <li>b) Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls</li> <li>c) Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants</li> </ul>	5-7					
		<ul> <li>d) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed</li> <li>e) Case-control study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case</li> </ul>	5-7					
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers.  Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	5-7					
Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	5-7					
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	5-7					
Dias	フ	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of olds [3-7]						

## STROBE Checklist

Study size	10	Explain h	now the study size was arrived at 5-7	
Quantitative	11		Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe	5-7
variables			which groupings were chosen and why	
Statistical methods		12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	5-7
			(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	5-7
			(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	5-7
			(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed	5-7
			Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was	
			addressed	
			Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of	
			sampling strategy	
			(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	5-7
Results				
Participants		13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially	8-11
			eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing	
			follow-up, and analysed	
			(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	8-11
			(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	8-11
Descriptive data		14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and	8-11
			information on exposures and potential confounders	
			(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	8-11
			(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	8-11
Outcome data		15*	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	8-11
			Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures	8-11
			of exposure	
			Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	8-11
Main results		16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their	8-11
			precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted	
			for and why they were included	

## STROBE Checklist

		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	8-11	
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a	8-11	
		meaningful time period		
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	8-11	
Discussion				
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	11-13	
Limitations 19		Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both	11-13	
		direction and magnitude of any potential bias		
Interpretation 20		Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses,	11-13	
		results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence		
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	11-13	
Other				
information				
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original	18	
		study on which the present article is based		

<sup>\*</sup>Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.