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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 87556

Title: Curcumin alleviated dextran sulfate sodium-induced colitis by recovering

memory Th/Tfh subset balance

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05952740 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-08-16 06:51

Reviewer performed review: 2023-08-16 10:18

Review time: 3 Hours

[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Good
[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This article evaluates the potential mechanism underlying Curcumin-mediated alleviation of colitis induced by dextran sulfate sodium (DSS) in mice by regulating the mTh and mTfh immune homeostasis. The manuscript was written fluently and the experimental design was also rationale. Overall, this article is acceptable in scientific interest, but minor revisions should be done so as to perfect the manuscript. Comments are attached below for reference: 1. In Page 8 Line 170, the statement of "for 3 days for adaptation". Outsourced experimental animals should be kept adaptively for 3-7 days. 3 days maybe a bit short. 2. In Page 8 Lines 178-180, What is the basis for determining the method of this model. 3. In Page 20 Line 453, the statement of "Cur is acknowledged as a drug commonly used to treat patients and animals with UC" may be not accurate. Because treatments for inducing remission include 5-aminosalicylic acid drugs and corticosteroids; and maintenance treatments include 5-aminosalicylic acid drugs, thiopurines, biologics (eg, anti-cytokines and anti-integrins), and small molecules (Janus kinase inhibitors and sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor modulators). 4. Please use the following references to improve your manuscript: " Efficacy and safety of adjuvant



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curcumin therapy in ulcerative colitis: A systematic review and meta-analysis." J Ethnopharmacol. 2022;289:115041. doi: 10.1016/j.jep.2022.115041.



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Reviewer's code: 05249683 **Position:** Editorial Board

Academic degree: BSc, MSc, PhD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Egypt

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-08-17 11:31

Reviewer performed review: 2023-08-23 08:46

Review time: 5 Days and 21 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this article, the authors concluded that curcumin reduced DSS-induced colonic pathological damage, possibly by inhibiting the JAK1/STAT3/SOCS signaling cascade. The title, summary, and introduction are suitable for the manuscript. There are few required language corrections found in the yellow-labeled sections in the attached file. The results in Figure 6 are well presented and represent a good addition to the importance of curcumin.