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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 87571

Title: Inflammatory bowel diseases patients suffer from significant low levels and

barriers to physical activity: The "BE-FIT-IBD" study

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 00503405 Position: Editorial Board Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Senior Lecturer, Senior Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Hungary

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-16

Reviewer chosen by: Yu-Lu Chen

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-09-08 06:00

Reviewer performed review: 2023-09-08 06:54

Review time: 1 Hour

	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this cross-sectional observational study, the authors investigated physical activity among groups of IBD patients using a self-report questionnaire. Physical activity levels were compared with disease activity and patient demographics. It was found that IBD patients have a fundamentally lower physical activity level, and that this is mainly due to patients' fears that physical activity will worsen their condition. Patients without dyslipidaemia or on biologic therapy also showed better IPAQ scores in moderate activities. The study is well-designed and well-presented and has assessed a very important issue. Mild to moderate levels of physical activity appear to be essential for people with chronic inflammatory disease and in no way worsen the condition of patients. The questionnaire used (IPAQ) certainly seems to be suitable for assessing physical activity in IBD patients. I agree with the authors that the discussion of the need for and possibilities of physical activity should be part of the medical visit for patients with IBD. The results of this study should be considered primary results and could certainly form the basis for a larger case-control study. The statistical methods used are appropriate. The visual presentation of the results is appropriate. The use of English is



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also appropriate. One minor comment: at the end of the discussion, it might be worth devoting a short chapter to the biological ways in which exercise can help reduce inflammation. I suggest accepting the manuscript for publication after a minor revision.



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Reviewer's code: 05382317 Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: FRCS (Hon), MD

Professional title: Doctor, Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-16

Reviewer chosen by: Yu-Lu Chen

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-09-25 07:38

Reviewer performed review: 2023-10-04 16:59

Review time: 9 Days and 9 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This study investigated PA levels and barriers in a southern Italian IBD population. The results suggested that IBD southern Italian patients appeared to be physically inactive and may be exposed to all complications of not performing regular PA. This appeared to be influenced by patients' perceptions of PA's impact on underlining IBD. Emphasis was placed on the use of validated and feasible questionnaires as a strategy to measure patient-reported PA levels and gain an initial understanding of which patients have inadequate PA levels. Further studies require multicentre and prospective design to confirm these findings.