**Name of Journal:** *World Journal of Clinical Oncology*

**Manuscript NO:** 89065

**Manuscript Type:** MINIREVIEWS

**Anti-tumor effect of coix seed based on the theory of medicinal and food homology**

Meng FD *et al.* The anti-tumor effect of coix seed

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**Supported by** Ningxia Natural Science Foundation, No. 2022AAC02039; Ningxia Key Research and Development Program, No. 2023BEG02015; National Natural Science Foundation of China, No. 82260879.

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**Received:** October 19, 2023

**Revised:** October 26, 2023

**Accepted:** November 24, 2023

**Published online:**

**Abstract**

Coix seed is a dry and mature seed of *Coix lacryma-jobi L.var.ma-yuen (Roman.) Stapf* in the Gramineae family. Coix seed has a sweet, light taste, and a cool nature. Coix seed enters the spleen, stomach, and lung meridians. It has the effects of promoting diuresis and dampness, strengthening the spleen to prevent diarrhea, removing arthralgia, expelling pus, and detoxifying and dispersing nodules. It is used for the treatment of edema, athlete's foot, poor urination, spleen deficiency and diarrhea, dampness and obstruction, lung carbuncle, intestinal carbuncle, verruca, and cancer. The medicinal and health value is high, and it has been included in the list of medicinal and food sources in China, which has a large development and application space. This article reviews the current research achievements in the processing methods and anti-tumor activities of Coix seed and provides examples of its clinical application in ancient and modern times, aiming to provide reference for further research on Coix seed and contribute to its clinical application and development. Through the analysis of the traditional Chinese patent medicines, and simple preparations and related health food of Coix seed queried by Yaozhi.com, the source, function, and dosage form of Coix seed were comprehensively analyzed, with a view of providing a reference for the development of Coix seed medicine and food.

**Key Words:** Coix seed; Cancer; Tumor; *Coix lacryma-jobi L.var.ma-yuen (Roman.) Stapf*; Medicinal herbs

Meng FD, Yuan L, Lu DD, Yang YT, Xu DJ, Che MY, Nan Y. The anti-tumor effect of coix seed based on the theory of medicinal and food homology. *World J Clin Oncol* 2023; In press

**Core Tip:** Cancer is a serious disease that causes a huge economic and social burden worldwide. In addition, cancer has become one of the biggest health threats globally. Numerous studies have confirmed that Coix seed has anti-tumor effects. This article will review its preparation, anti-tumor effects, and edible value.

**INTRODUCTION**

Cancer is a serious disease that causes a huge economic and social burden worldwide. An estimated 19.3 million new cancer cases and nearly 10 million cancer deaths were reported in 2020. It is expected that the global cancer burden will reach 28.4 million cases by 2040, an increase of 47% compared to 2020[1]. In addition, cancer has become one of the biggest health threats globally. Therefore, how to effectively prevent and treat cancer has become a global focus of attention[1]. So, exploring effective cancer treatment measures is crucial.

Medicinal and food-dual-use foods can be consumed as both delicious foods and medicinal herbs for treating diseases. They belong to traditional Chinese medicine and have good therapeutic effects. They are also nutritious and delicious foods that people often eat. Coix seed, which can be used as both food[2]and medicine[3]，is an important raw material for the development of food or health food. Coix seed is a good medicine and food for dispelling dampness and strengthening the spleen.

At present, Chinese herbal medicine[4] has significant effects in inhibiting cancer proliferation, metastasis, inducing cell apoptosis[5], blocking the cell cycle, alleviating pain[6], improving quality of life[7], and has received widespread attention from researchers[8,9]. Numerous studies have confirmed that Coix seed has anti-tumor effects. This article will review its preparation, anti-tumor effects, and edible value (Figure 1).

**Brief Introduction**

Coix seed, also known as Xie Li, Qishi, Ganmi, *etc*, is a dry and mature seed of *Coix lacryma-jobi L. var.ma-yuen (Roman.) Stapf* in the gramineae family[10]. Most regions in China produce it, mainly in Fujian, Hebei, and Liaoning. It is commonly found near houses, in the wilderness, by rivers, in streams, or in damp valleys. Coix seed has a sweet and light taste and a cool nature. It enters the spleen, stomach, and lung meridians. As a drug, it has the effects of promoting diuresis and dampness, strengthening the spleen[11] to stop diarrhea, removing arthralgia, expelling pus, and detoxifying and dispersing nodules. It can treat edema, athlete's foot, poor urination, spleen deficiency and diarrhea, dampness and obstruction, lung carbuncle, intestinal carbuncle, verruca, cancer[12,13], *etc.* As a food, its developed products have functions[14,15] such as increasing bone density, improving sleep, immune regulation[16,17], weight loss[18], regulating blood lipids and blood sugar, improving gastrointestinal function, anti-fatigue, promoting growth and development, improving memory, antioxidant[19], delaying aging, and protecting liver damage[20].

**Processing**

Coix seed has a long history of and has various methods of processing[21]. Since the Northern and Southern Dynasties, there have been records of two processing methods: Glutinous rice stir frying and salt soup boiling. Subsequently, the Song Dynasty first proposed the stir frying method. Salt frying was added in the Ming Dynasty. During the Qing Dynasty, local stir frying was added. So far, commonly used processing methods such as stir frying, earth frying, bran frying, and sand frying have been recorded in the modern Chinese Pharmacopoeia and national and provincial processing standards (Table 1).

**The anti-tumor effect of Coix seed**

***Screening of active ingredients and targets in Coix seed***

We used Coix seed as a keyword to search on the TCMSP (Traditional Chinese Medicine Systems Pharmacology Database and Analysis Platform, <https://old.tcmsp-e.com/index.php>)[22]. The active ingredients and their related action targets were picked according to the criteria of oral bioavailability[23] ≥ 30% and drug-likeness ≥ 0.18. Then, we translated the name into Gene Symbol format to obtain target genes for the main active ingredients of Coix seed *via* Uniprot database (<https://www.uniprot.org/>). We imported the active ingredients and their targets of Coix seed into Cytoscape 3.9.1 software to draw an "active ingredient-target" network. Next, we imported drug targets into the STRING database (<http://string-db.org>), species limited to “*Homo sapiens*”, to retrieve protein-protein interaction relationships, and imported them into Cytoscape 3.9.1 software to create a network diagram. Through the Metascape database (<https://metascape.org/>), we conducted the Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG) enrichment analysis on the target. The results of KEGG signal pathways are introduced into the Bioinformatics database (<http://www.bioinformatics.com.cn/>) and presented in the form of a bar chart and selected pathways related to cancer (Figure 2). The KEGG results indicate that the Coix seed target is associated with multiple cancer pathways and can effectively combat cancer. So, the next main analysis is the anti-tumor effect of Coix seed.

***Anti-cancer effect of Coix seed and its components***

Coix seed is a commonly used clinical drug with activities such as anti-tumor (Figure 3), immune regulation[24,25], hypoglycemic[26,27], anti-inflammatory[28,29], improving intestinal microbiota[17,30], lowering blood lipids[31,32], and promoting angiogenesis[33]. After KEGG enrichment analysis, we mainly discuss the pharmacological effects of Coix seed on anti-tumor effects (Table 2). Studies have confirmed that Coix seed and its extract can reduce the proliferation, invasion and migration of lung cancer[34], colon cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, cervical cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer and other cancers, and can promote their apoptosis (Figure 4).

**Lung cancer:** Coix seed has a prominent inhibitory healing effect on lung cancer metastasis, and can inhibit proliferation and promote apoptosis. Research has shown that Paclitaxel combined with Kanglaite (KLT) can significantly improve patients' physical fitness, reduce bone metastasis area and tumor weight, and have significant effects in clinical treatment[35]. MiRNA-21 is a therapeutic effect indicator for lung cancer. By comparing the changes in indicators before and after treatment with KLT, the expression of miRNA-21 is reduced, indicating that KLT has a significant therapeutic effect on advanced lung cancer[36]. After cell experiments, Coix Polysaccharides can significantly inhibit the proliferation of lung cancer cells, and may induce apoptosis of lung cancer cells by increasing the expression of caspase-3 and caspase-9 genes[37]. KLT has significant anti-tumor activity in Lewis lung cancer mice, and when combined with cisplatin, it can improve chemotherapy efficacy and immune function by reducing TAM levels and improving hypoxia status[38]. Other studies have confirmed that Coix polysaccharides can demonstrably inhibit the migration and invasion of A549 cells *in vitro* cell experiments, and its molecular mechanism may be the down-regulation of S100A4 gene and protein expression levels[39].

**Colon cancer:** Research has shown that Coix seed performs well in combating colon cancer, blocking cell cycle, promoting apoptosis, and synergistic effects to achieve the effect of inhibiting colon cancer. On the HT-29 colon cancer cell model, the anticancer effect of Coix seed oil is dose-dependent and time-dependent. With the increase of drug concentration and the passage of time, the survival rate of tumor cells will also decrease[40]. The synergistic effect of paclitaxel treatment after pretreatment with KLT is the best, and KLT inhibits nuclear factor NF-κΒ and upregulates the expression of connexin 43, making cancer cells sensitive to paclitaxel[41], thereby exerting an inhibitory effect on colon cancer cells.

**Liver cancer:** The components of Coix seed have good therapeutic effects on liver cancer, and an efficient and safe anticancer drug delivery system has been developed. There have been studies on injecting KLT into transplanted liver tumors in rats and evaluating its impact, pros and cons. Research has shown that injecting KLT into implanted hepatocellular carcinoma is more effective than ethanol, and KLT has fewer side effects on liver function than ethanol[42]. In the study, Wang *et al*[43] discovered that the combination of Norcantharidin and Coix seed oil can exert anti-tumor efficacy by regulating the immune system. Coix seed components have an inhibitory effectiveness on the progression of liver tumors in nude mice and have minimal toxicity to the liver and kidneys[44]. Bitargeted microenvironments based on Coix seed receptors can effectively target tumors, enhance their inhibitory effect on tumor proliferation, and induce cancer cell apoptosis, thereby prolonging patient survival time[45].

**Breast cancer:** Coix seed oil has a large scale anti-cancer effect. Ting F found that Coix seed oil has a great inhibitory effect on triple negative breast cancer, which inhibited the proliferation and growth of triple negative breast cancer[46]. The results of network pharmacology and *in vitro* experiments show that KLT has an inhibitory effect on triple negative breast cancer, which can inhibit cell proliferation and invasion, block cell cycle and induce cell apoptosis. Its mechanism of action may be to block G2/M phase cells and downregulate G2/M phase related genes[47].

**Cervical cancer:** Microemulsions containing Coix seed components exhibit good anti cervical cancer effects, leading to cell cycle arrest and apoptosis, and to cancer cell death. Dissolving paclitaxel in Coix seed oil, the two synergistically fight cancer, exert stronger *in vitro* cytotoxicity, and induce cell apoptosis, which has a stronger therapeutic effect on cervical cancer[48]. Joint application of Coix Seed Oil and Tripterine can work synergistically on the proliferation of cervical cancer, as well as anti-angiogenesis and induction of cell apoptosis. In mouse models, minimal toxicity to important organs was detected[49,50].

**Gastric cancer:** Coix seed can reduce the vitality of gastric cancer cells, promote cell apoptosis, and upgrade the quality of life. The reason of KLT regulating chemotherapy resistance in gastric cancer cells may be through regulating expression of MDR1 and MRP1 to inhibit cell viability and promote cell apoptosis. KLT can alleviate the development of multiple drug resistance (MDR) and participate in the potential mechanism of MDR in gastric cancer[51]. Comparing the indicators before and after treatment, the study found that patients with advanced gastric cancer treated with KLT combined with chemotherapy had reduced cancer, reduced chemotherapy side effects, and a further improved quality of life[52].

**Pancreatic cancer:** Coix seed can promote apoptosis of pancreatic cancer cells, make it sensitive to treatment, and enhance the therapeutic effect. Coix seed oil may adjust mitochondrial dysfunction and induces apoptosis in PANC-1 PC cells through PTEN, which may be related to the down-regulation of p-AKT and p-PI3K protein expression by Coix seed oil[53]. Coix seed extract can synergistically reinforce the anti-pancreatic cancer effect of Gemcitabine, significantly alleviate the up regulation of ABCB1 and ABCG2 proteins caused by the use of Gemcitabine, and detect strong correlation between Bioluminescence pharmacokinetic parameters and pharmacodynamic indicators and anti-tumor efficacy[54]. The anti-tumor effect of Coix seed emission combined with Gemcitabine is superior to that of any drug alone, and its mechanism is that Coix seed emission can eliminate the activation of NF-κB, making pancreatic cancer cells sensitive to gemcitabine therapy[55].

**Improving cancer cachexia:** Researchers have found that administering Coix seed oil can significantly prevent weight loss and improve systemic inflammation in mice, without affecting food intake and tumor size. The results indicate that Coix seed oil can cause muscle and adipose tissue loss caused by cancer cachexia[56]. The results of clinical research on the injection of Coix seed oil into patients showed that Coix seed oil can effectively control the degree of pain, alleviate adverse reactions such as constipation and nausea, and raise the quality of life[57].

**Application of Coix Seed**

***The medicinal value of coix seed***

Coix seed has been widely applied since ancient times, and formulas containing Coix seed have also been widely used. Yiyi Fuzi Baijiang Powder can slow down the progression of colorectal cancer by simultaneously regulating target genes and related signaling pathways of multiple active ingredients, possibly by regulating cell apoptosis, cell proliferation, and protein and enzyme binding[58], and this has been experimentally validated[59]. Yiyi Fuzi Baijiang Powder has a good effect in treating ulcerative colitis, can inhibit intestinal symptoms in mice, and improve intestinal pathology[60]. According to reports, Qingyi huaji decoction can be applied as a valid method to treat pancreatic cancer, and research has confirmed that it can inhibit the growth and progression of tumor through various mechanisms such as anti-inflammatory and induction of cell apoptosis[61]. Shenling Baizhu Powder inhibits colitis related colorectal cancer by inhibiting epithelial mesenchymal transformation and myelogenous inhibitor infiltration, and reduces mortality by reducing the incidence rate and diversity of colon tumors[62]. Traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations containing coix seed was searched on the website of Yaozhi (http://db. yaozh. com/) with the keyword "coix seed". It was recorded in the Ministry of Health drug standard Chinese prescription preparation, China Pharmacopoeia 2020 edition one, Standard for new drug conversion, National standard competition of Chinese patient medicine, New national Chinese patient medicine 2nd edition. There are 134 kinds of traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations containing Coix seed (Figure 5). From the perspective of dosage forms, there are 17 types of traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations containing *Coix lachryma jobi* seed, in which tablets are the main, followed by granules and capsules (Figure 6). We summarized the efficacy of 134 traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations varieties containing coix seed, which can be roughly divided into 9 categories (Figure 7). According to the efficacy analysis, the traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations that contain *Coix lachryma jobi* seed mainly focuses on the digestive system, musculoskeletal system, urogenital system.

***Edible value of Coix seed***

Coix seed is often used in dietary therapy[25]. Gastrointestinal symptoms caused by chemotherapy, such as weakness, vomiting, and nausea, can be alleviated by qi-yin-reinforcing porridge[63]. In recent years, there have also been many health foods mainly made of Coix seed. The keyword "Coix seed" was searched on Yaozhi.com (http://db. yaozh. com/), and a total of 126 Coix seed related health foods approved by the State Food and Drug Administration were obtained, such as mountain medicine Coix seed granules, Coix seed sea buckthorn capsules, healthy Runtong tea, bone strengthening powder, *etc*, which have immune regulation, weight loss, blood lipid and blood glucose regulation properties. To improve gastrointestinal function and other functions, the statistical data of the health functions involved in Coix Seed Health Products are shown in Figure 8. So far, there are mainly 18 types of Coix seed health product formulations used (Figure 9). The development forms of Coix seed health food functions are very diverse, with diverse products and dosage forms that can meet the specific needs of different populations.

***Usage of Coix seed***

Coix seed has the effect of promoting metabolism and reducing gastrointestinal burden, and can be used as a nourishing food for weak patients during or after illness[64]. It is worth noting that people with spleen deficiency and diarrhea can stir fry Coix seed before consumption, which has a better effect. Due to its ability to remove dampness, Coix seed should be used with caution for those who suffer from body fluid depletion after fever, or for those who are usually Yin deficient or Yin deficient with excessive fire. Pregnant women and those with slippery semen or constipation should not consume it. If these people consume coix seed, it may cause a greater burden on their physical health.

**DISCUSSION**

We used Coix Seed; Semen coicis; *Coix lacryma jobi L. var. mayen (Roman.) Stapf* and cancer; neoplasm and tumor as keywords to search on PubMed. And four related reviews were found in the past 5 years. Among them, Huang *et al*[12] discussed the chemical composition, anticancer mechanisms, marketed drugs, dosage forms, and clinical applications of fatty oils, including coix seed and other plants. Pan *et al*[65] only discusses the treatment of malignant tumors in the female reproductive system with coix seed. This article discusses the anti-tumor effect of coix seed and is not limited to malignant tumors in the female reproductive system. Lu *et al*[66] discussed the anticancer effect of KLT, which is an extract of Coix seed oil. This article also discusses some other components of coix seed. Kim *et al*[67] discussed the anti-pancreatic cancer effect of various natural plants including Coix lachryma seed. In the past 5 years, there has been no specialized review on the anticancer effect of Coix seed and its components, as well as the homology between medicine and food. This article starts from the perspective of homology between medicine and food, and conducts KEGG analysis of the effective ingredient targetscoix seed and its components, as well as the homology between medicine and food. This article starts from the perspective of homology between medicine and food, and conducts KEGG analysis of the effective ingredient targets of Coix seed through bioinformatics methods, proving that Coix seed indeed has anti-tumor effects, and systematically reviews the anti-tumor effect of Coix seed. The application of Coix lachryma seed in traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations and food was also summarized and sorted out, and the relevant data was displayed through charts. Methods, proving that Coix seed indeed has anti-tumor effects, and systematically reviews the anti-tumor effect of Coix seed. The application of Coix lachryma seed in traditional Chinese patent medicines and simple preparations and food was also summarized and sorted out, and the relevant data was displayed through charts.

**CONCLUSION**

In recent years, more and more studies have shown that Coix seed has the function of inhibiting the growth and metastasis of cancer cells, reducing the mortality rate of cancer patients. Therefore, Coix seed has become a highly anticipated health product. With the increasing emphasis on healthy diet, the idea of "treating diseases before they occur" has become increasingly popular, and Coix seed has received more and more attention in the field of medicinal and food homology. In the future, coix seed can be used to develop various new health products, such as cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals, to meet people's needs for health and beauty. At the same time, Coix seed can also be used to study new medicinal ingredients and treatment methods in order to further improve its health benefits.

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**Footnotes**

**Conflict-of-interest statement:** The authors declare having no conflict of interests for this article.

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**Provenance and peer review:** Unsolicited article; Externally peer reviewed.

**Peer-review model:** Single blind

**Peer-review started:** October 19, 2023

**First decision:** October 24, 2023

**Article in press:**

**Specialty type:** Oncology

**Country/Territory of origin:** China

**Peer-review report’s scientific quality classification**

Grade A (Excellent): A

Grade B (Very good): 0

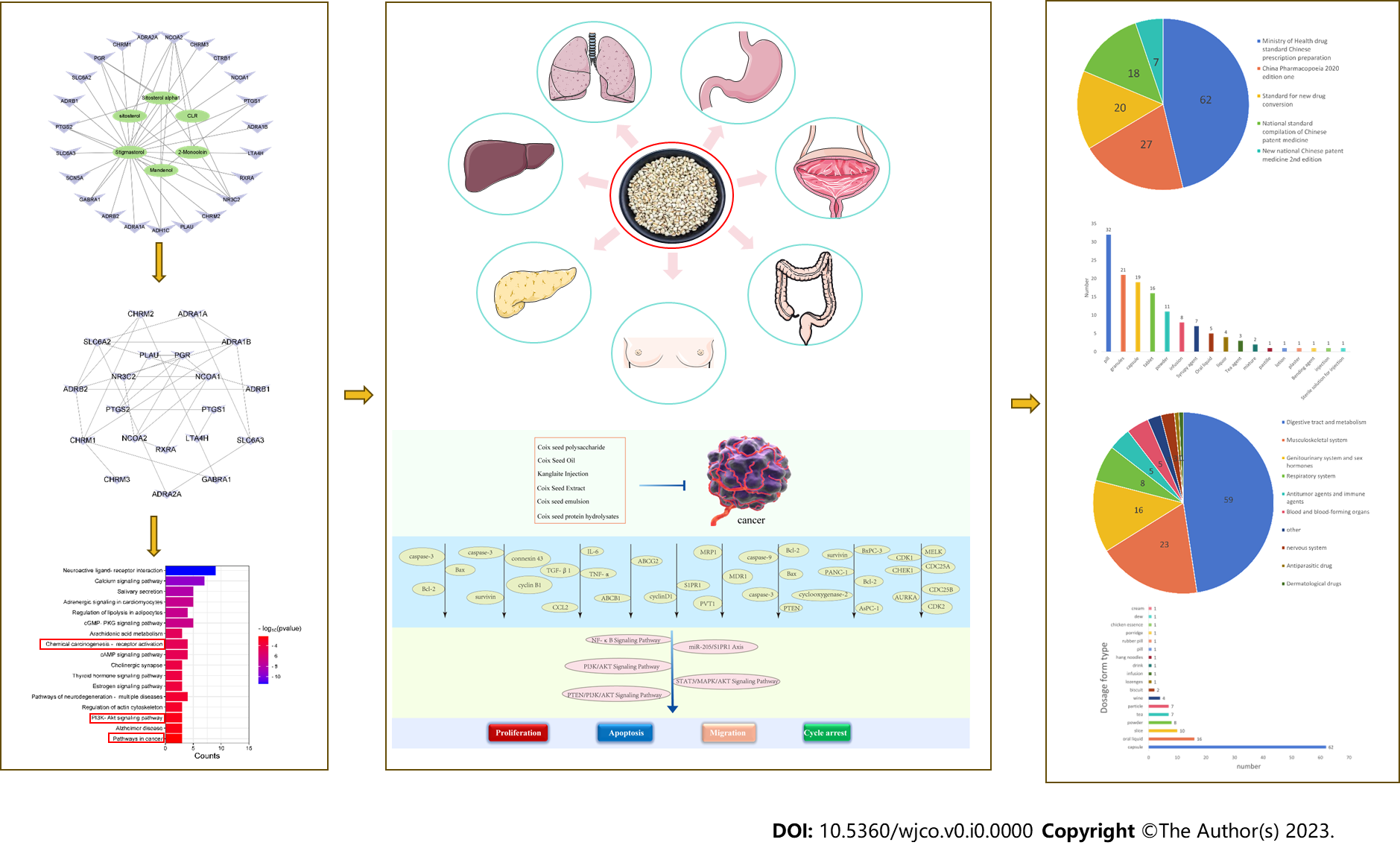
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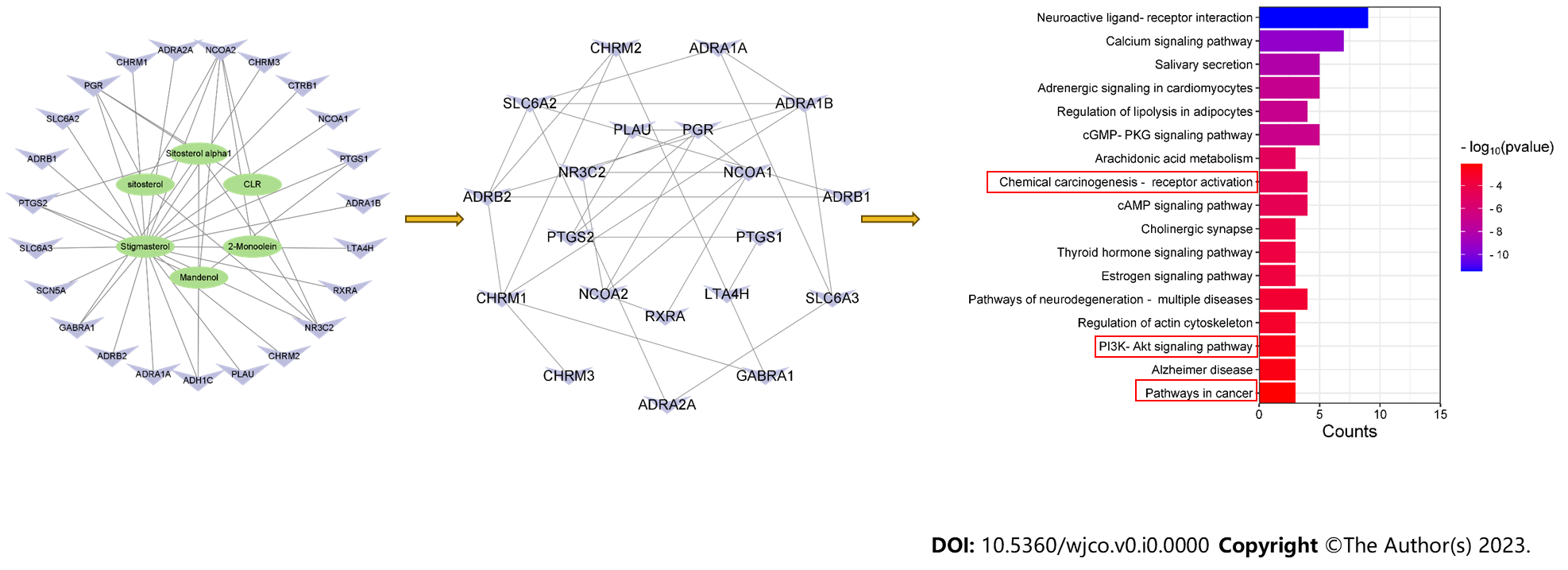
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**P-Reviewer:** Ogino S, United States **S-Editor:** Lin C **L-Editor:** Filipodia **P-Editor:**

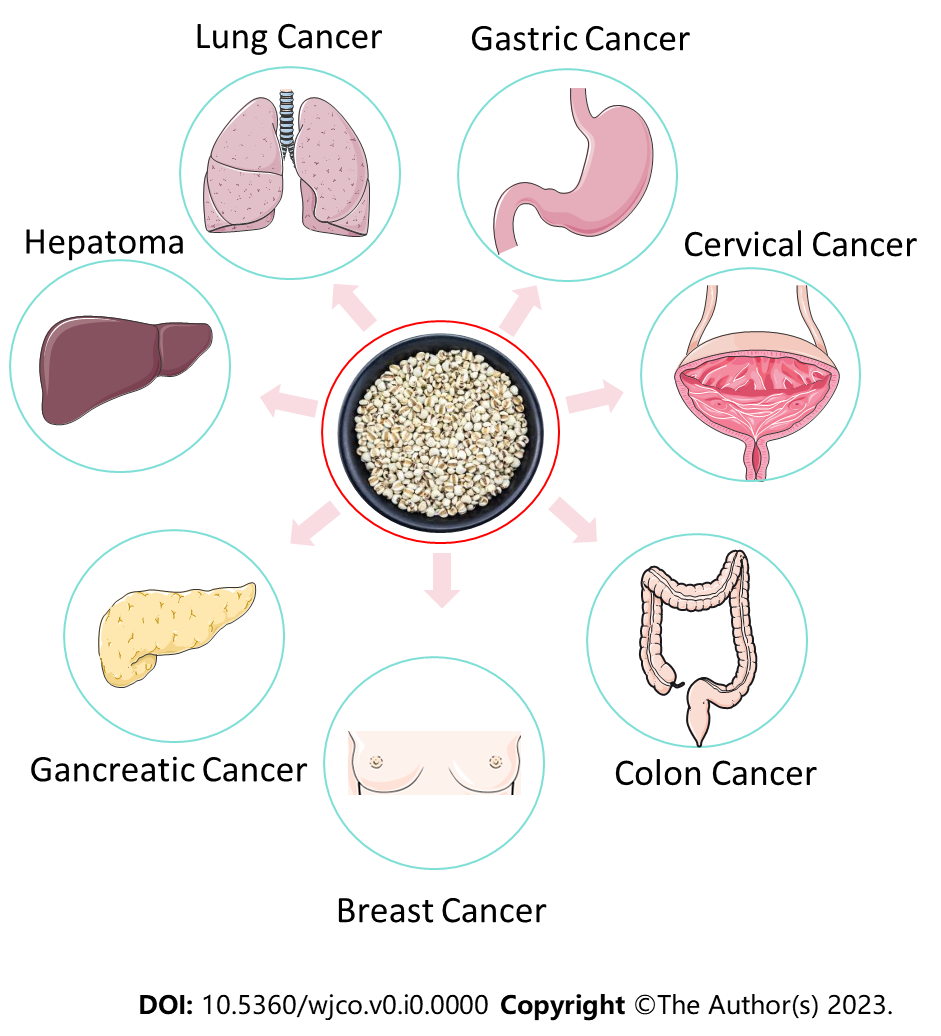
**Figure Legends**



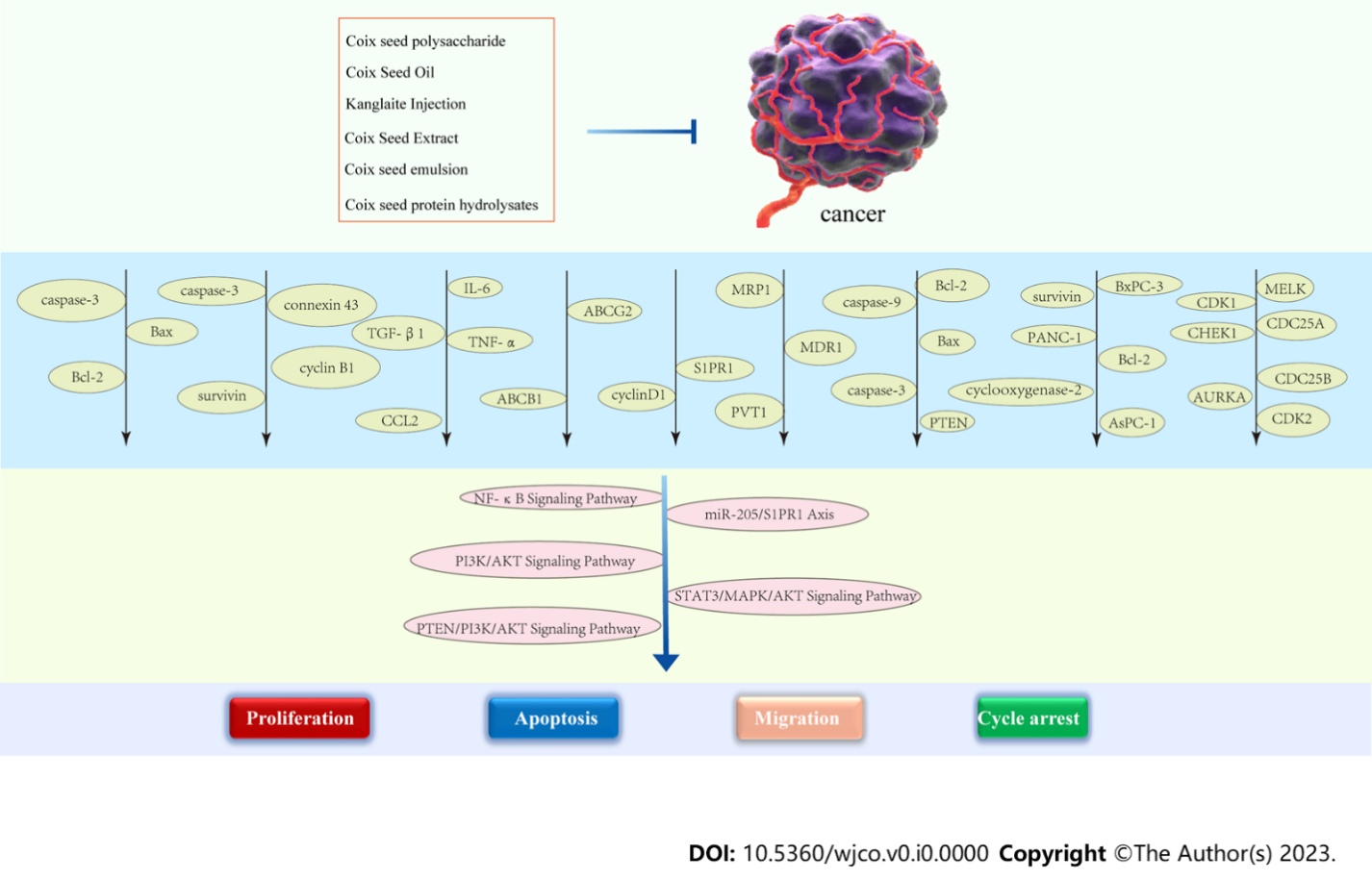
**Figure 1 Flow chart.**



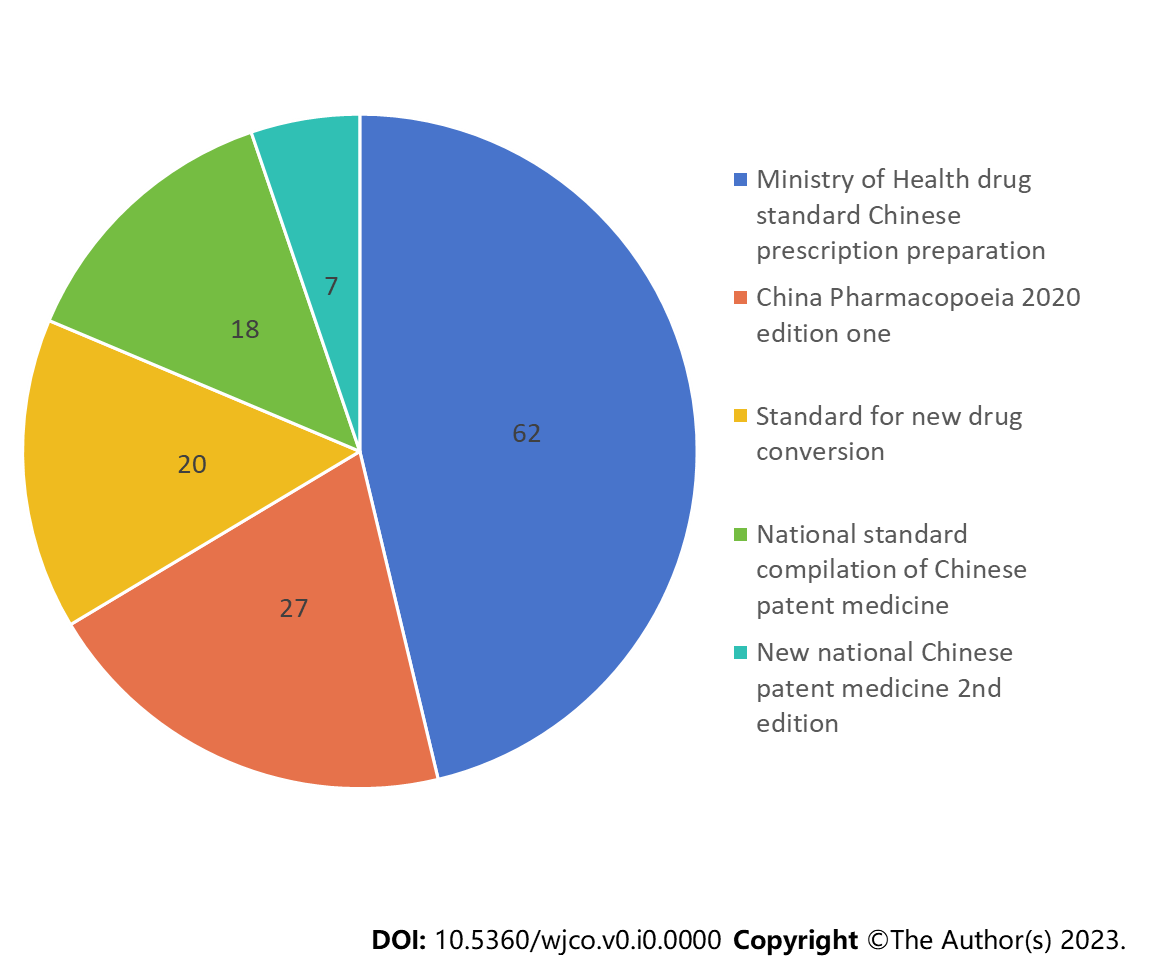
**Figure 2 Relationship between active components of Coix seed and cancer.**



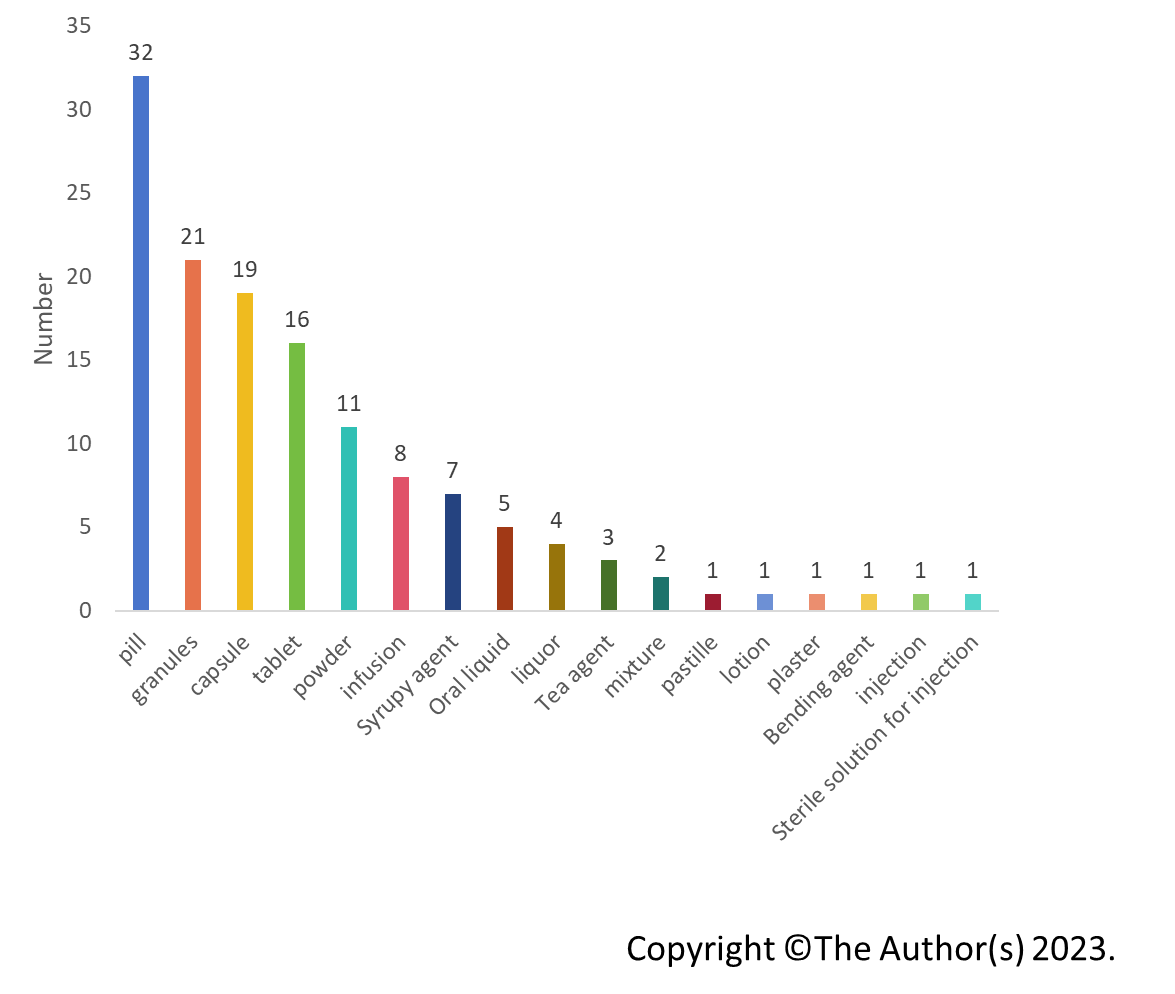
**Figure 3 Relationship between Coix seed and cancer.**



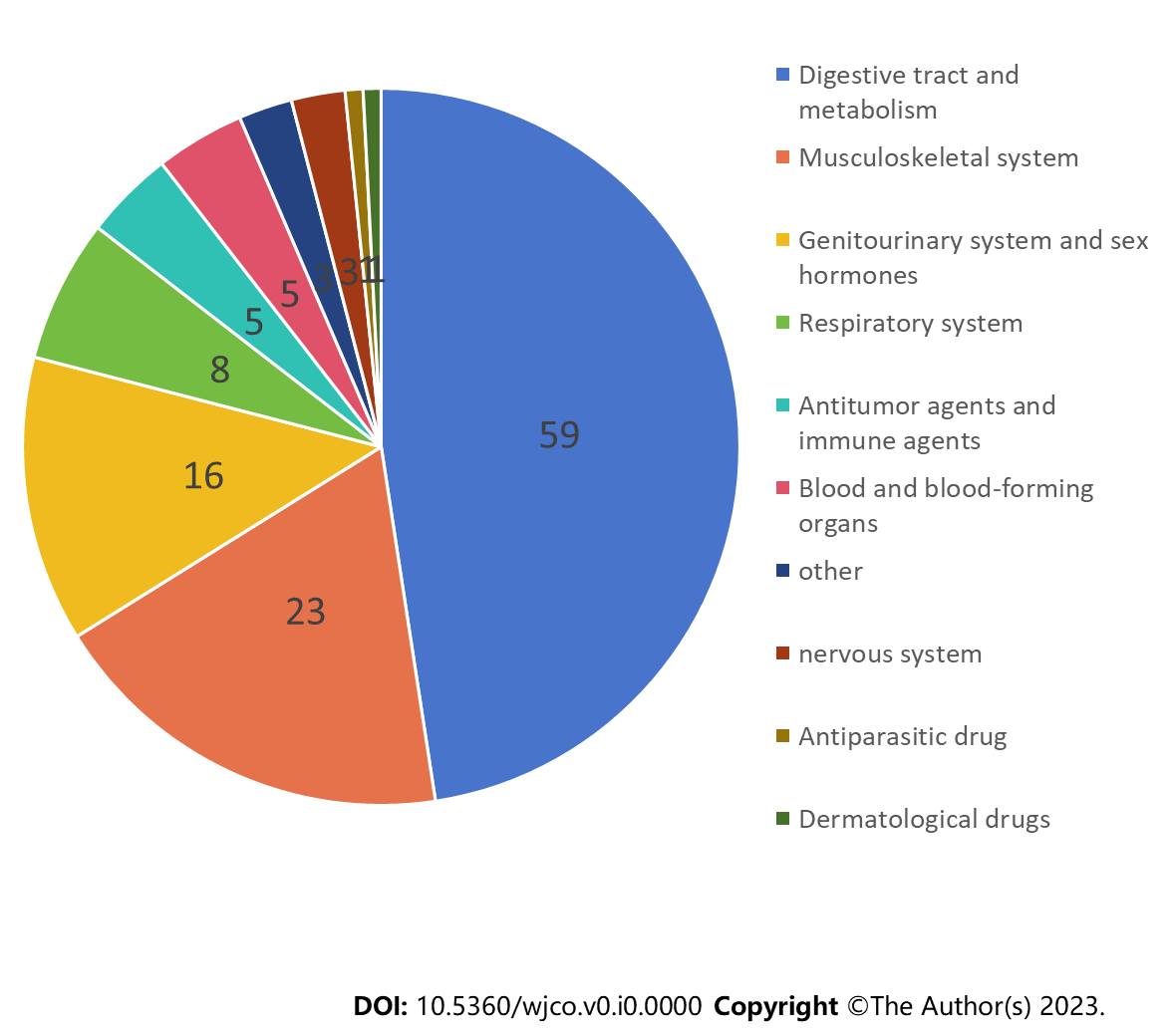
**Figure 4 Mechanism of anti-tumor action of Coix seed and its components.**



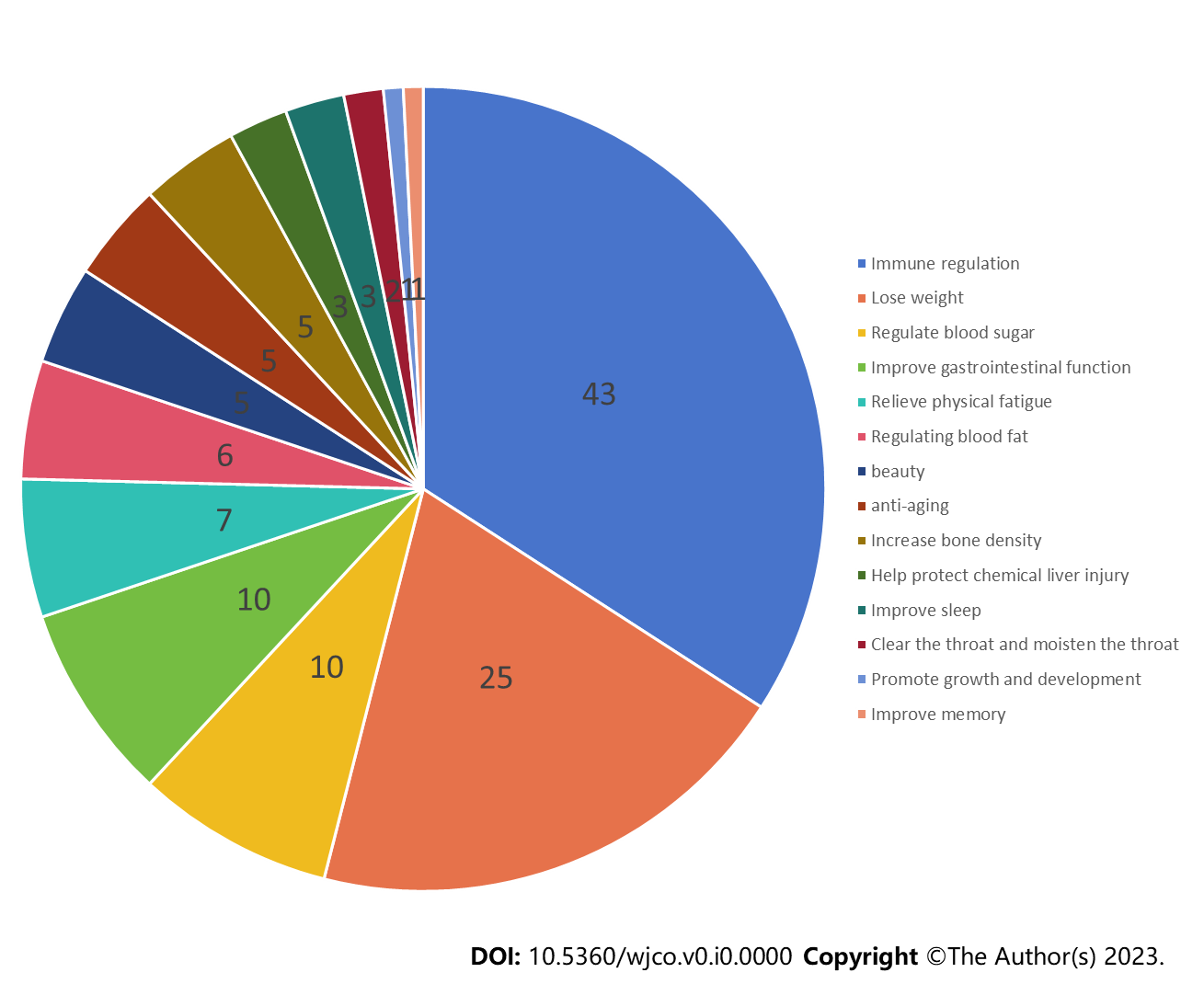
**Figure 5 Source and quantity of Chinese patient medicine containing Coix seed.**



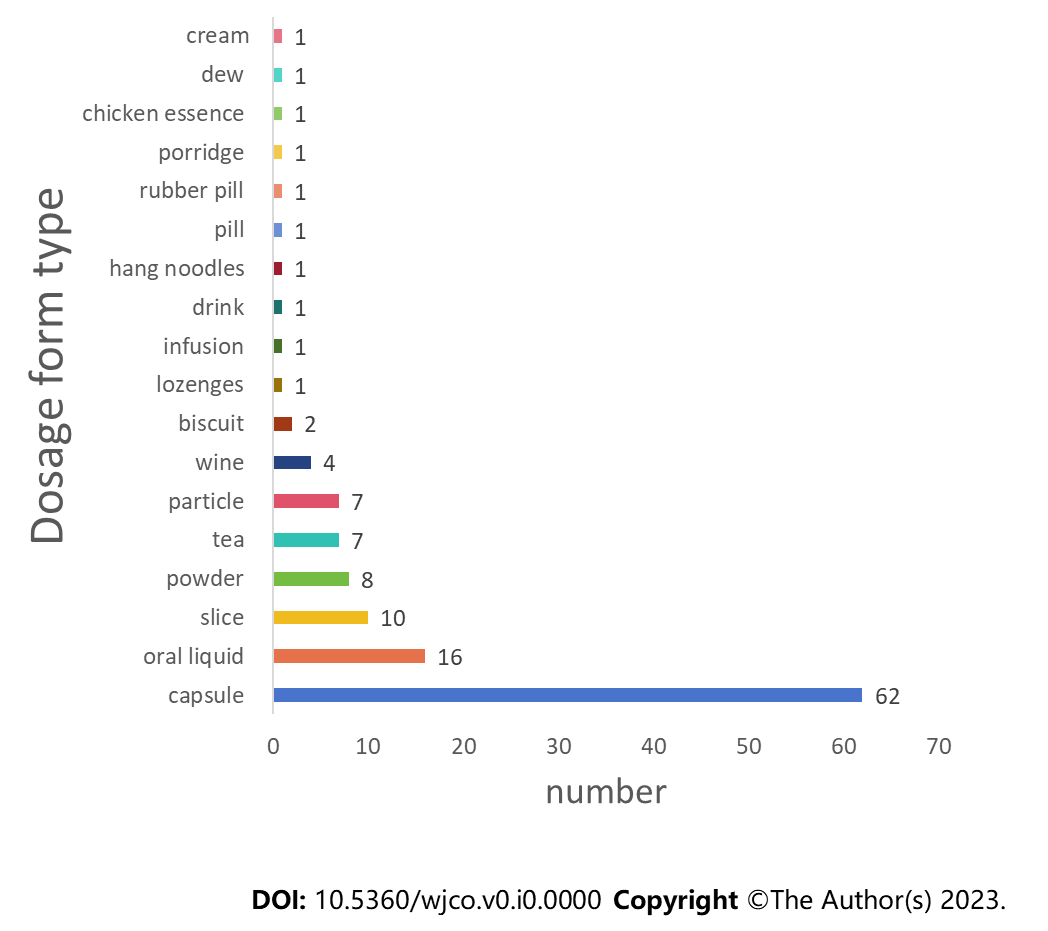
**Figure 6 Chinese medicine dosage form containing Coix seed.**



**Figure 7 Anatomic Therapeutic Chemical classification of Chinese patient medicine.**



**Figure 8 Function statistics of health care products containing Coix seed.**



**Figure 9 Dosage form containing Coix seed health care products.**

**Table 1 Processing method of Coix seed**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Coix seed** | **Processing method** | **Source** |
| Coix seed | Remove imports | Chinese Pharmacopoeia (2020) |
| Fried Coix seeds | Clean the mix seeds and fry them until they are slightly yellow | Processing Standards of TCM Decoction Pieces in Hubei Province (2018) |
| Fried mix seed with bran | Clean the mix seeds and fry them with bran until they are slightly yellow | Chinese Pharmacopoeia (2020) |
| Fried Coix seed in clay | Take the pure Coix seeds and fry them according to the method of soil frying until the surface benefits burn yellow and bulks up to the degree | Processing standard of TCM detection pieces in Henan Province  (2005) |
| Coix seed powder | Take coix seeds, remove impurities and crush them into fine powder | Processing Standards of TCM Decoction Pieces in Sichuan Province (2015) |
| Jiao Coix seed | Fry until browned | Processing Standards of TCM Decoction Pieces in Tianjin (2018) |
| Scald coix seed | Take the coix seed, wash it, moisten it thoroughly, steam it, dry it, and press it with the oil and method until it looks like a bubble | Fujian Province Traditional Chinese Medicine Processing Standards (1988) |

TCM: Traditional Chinese medicine.

**Table 2 Anti-cancer effect of Coix seed and its components**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Pharmacological effect** | **Ingredient** | **Conclusion** |
| Lung cancer | Kanglaite | Paclitaxel combined with kanglaite is effective in improving bone metastasis of lung cancer |
|  | Kanglaite injection | Kanglaite injection can significantly reduce the expression of miRNA-21 in patients with advanced lung cancer, and has a good thermal effect |
|  | Kanglaite | Kanglaite can achieve benefits by reducing TAM levels and improving hypoxia in mice with Lewis lung cancer |
| Colon cancer | Coix seed oil | Coix seed oil plays an anti-colon cancer role by inducing G2 rest and topology of HT-29 cells by regulating PI3K/AKT signaling pathway |
| Colorectal cancer | Kanglaite injection | Kanglaite pretreatment may increase the effect of Taxol on colored cancer |
| Hepatoma | Coix seed components | Octanoyl galactose ester modified microemulsion system self-assembled by coil seed components to enhance tumor targeting and hepatoma therapy |
|  | Coix seed ingredients | Bitargeted microemissions based on Coix seed ingredients have the effect of enhancing life tube transmission and synergistic therapy |
| Triple negative breast cancer | Kanglaite injection | Kanglaite injection was confirmed to have anti TNBC effects by arresting cell cycle and inhibiting CDK1 precipitation |
|  | Coix seed oil | Coix seed oil exerts an anti-triple negative breast cancer effect by interrupting miR-205/S1PR1 axis |
| Clinical cancer | Coix seed oil | Self-enhancing system colored with paclitaxel and Coix seed oil deeply penetrated can enhance efficiency of clinical cancer |
|  | Coix seed oil | Transferrin modified microemulsion carrying Coix seed oil and tripterine (Tf CT MEs) can be used to improve tube specific accumulation and connection to enhance clinical cancer treatment |
|  | Coix seed oil | Coix seed oil and tripterine coated microemissions with a transfer modification (Tf CT MES) could improve the treatment of cervical cancer |
| Gastric cancer | Kanglaite injection | Kanglaite inhibits the expression of drug resistance genes through suppressing PVT1 in cisplatin-resistant gas cancer cells |
| Pancreatic cancer | Coix seed oil | Coix seed oil regulations mitochondrial functional image to induce apoptosis of human pancreatic cancer cells *via* the PTEN/PI3K/AKT signaling pathway |
|  | Coix seed extract | Coix seed extract could augment the efficiency of gemcitabine therapy in pancreatic cancer cells |
|  | Coix seed emission | Coix seed emission synergistically enhances the antagonist activity of gemcitabine in pancreatic cancer through inhibition of NF- κ B signaling |
| Ameliorates cancer cachexia | Coix seed oil | Coix seed oil ameliorates cancer cachexia by counteracting muscle loss and fat lipolysis |

TNBC: Triple negative breast cancer.