

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 E-mail: office@baishideng.com https://www.wjgnet.com

## CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS

Manuscript page number (Without	Figures): 9 Rate: 6.2 CNY per page
	Editing Fee: 55.8 CNY
Figure count:Figure han	ndling time: min Rate: 1 CNY per min
	Editing Fee:CNY
XML and PDF conve	erting time: min Rate: 1 CNY per min
	Editing Fee:CNY
	Manuscript word count: 2203
	Total Editing Fee: 55.8 CNY
	Scientific Editor: Ji-Hong Liu
Date of signature:	2023/12/11 (month/day/year)

		Comments
Item No.	Specific items for verification	Yes=[Y]
		No= [N]
	General Information of the Manuscript	
	Name of journal: World Journal of Cardiology	
	Manuscript NO.: 89565	
	Column: Editorial	
1	Title: Development of pulmonary hypertension remains a major	[Y]
	hurdle to corrective surgery in Down syndrome	
	Authors: Akash Batta and Juniali Hatwal	
	Reviewer code: 04917821	
	First decision: 2023-11-30 07:43	
2	Editorial Office's Comments	[Y]
	Science Editor: The manuscript has been peer-reviewed, and it is	



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	ready for the first decision.	
	Company Editor-in-Chief: I have reviewed the Peer-Review	
	Report, full text of the manuscript, and the relevant ethics	
	documents, all of which have met the basic publishing requirements	
	of the World Journal of Cardiology, and the manuscript is	
	conditionally accepted. I have sent the manuscript to the author(s)	
	for its revision according to the Peer-Review Report, Editorial	
	Office's comments and the Criteria for Manuscript Revision by	
	Authors. When revising the manuscript, it is recommended that	
	the author supplement and improve the highlights of the latest	
	cutting-edge research results, thereby further improving the content	
	of the manuscript. To this end, authors are advised to apply	
	PubMed, or a new tool, the RCA, of which data source is PubMed.	
	RCA is a unique artificial intelligence system for citation index	
	evaluation of medical science and life science literature. In it, upon	
	obtaining search results from the keywords entered by the author,	
	"Impact Index Per Article" under "Ranked by" should be selected to	
	find the latest highlight articles, which can then be used to further	
	improve an article under preparation/peer-review/revision. Please	
	visit our RCA database for more information at:	
	https://www.referencecitationanalysis.com/, or visit PubMed at:	
	https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/.	
3	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is	[Y]
4	not too long (no more than 18 words). Words such as 'exploration',	
	'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided.	



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<b>r</b>		
	The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic	
	numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	
5	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]
	The authors' full family (sur)names and full/abbreviated first	[Y]
6	names are listed on the title page and are consistent with those	
	listed in the signed BPG Copyright License Agreement form.	
	The 'Author contributions' passage describes the specific	[Y]
	contribution(s) made by each author. The author's names are listed	
	in the following format: full family (sur)name followed by	
	abbreviated first and middles names.	
	e.g., "Wang CL and Liang L contributed equally to this work; Wang	
7	CL, Liang L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the	
	research study; Wang CL, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM performed	
	the research; Xue JZ and Lu JR contributed new reagents and	
	analytic tools; Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF analyzed the data; and	
	Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF wrote the manuscript. All authors	
	have read and approve the final manuscript."	
	The 'Supported by' statement describes the source(s) of financial	
8	support and includes the corresponding identification number(s)	[N]
	and program ID(s) if available, and contains no spelling errors.	
	The 'Corresponding author' passage provides the corresponding	[Y]
	author's full first and family (sur)names, abbreviated title (e.g., MD,	
9	PhD), affiliated institute's name and complete postal address	
	(including zip code) and e-mail (written in all lowercase), and	
	contains no spelling errors.	
	The Manuscript Tracking information (i.e., Received, Peer review	[Y]
10	started, First decision, Revised, Accepted, Article in press, and	
10	Published online) are provided along with the corresponding editor	
	and date for each item, and contain no spelling errors.	
11	The Abstract section is formatted according to the article-specific	[Y]



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	style (structured <i>vs</i> unstructured) and word count thresholds, as	
	follows:	
	Commentary, Frontier, Diagnostic Advances, Medical Ethics,	
	Minireview, Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 200 words.	
	Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor:	
	Non-structured abstract that is no less than 150 words.	
	Research articles: Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no	
	more than 20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS	
	(no less than 120 words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26	
	words).	
	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main	[Y]
12	content of the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized,	
	and each keyword is separated by a semicolon.	
	The "citation" contains authors' names and manuscript title. The	[Y]
	name of the first author should be typed in bold letters; the family	
	(sur) name of all authors should be typed with the first letter	
	capitalized, followed by their abbreviated first and middle initials.	
13	For example, an article by Jae Moon Yoon, Ki Young Son, Chun Sick	
	Eom, Daniel Durrance, Sang Min Park will be written as Yoon JM,	
	Son KY, Eom CS, Durrance D, Park SM. Pre-existing diabetes	
	mellitus increases the risk of gastric cancer: A meta-analysis. World J	
	Gastroenterol 2019; In press	
	The 'Core tip' provides a summary (less than 100 words) of the	[Y]
	study that outlines the most innovative and important arguments	
14	and core contents of the paper and will serve to effectively attract	
	readers.	
L		



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	The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant	[Y]
	background information for the study. Only the most relevant and	
	current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the	
	exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All	
	technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined,	
15	with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in	
15	the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [i.e.,	
	"computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns (e.g., 'I',	
	'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed	
	by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are	
	described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the	
	current study, the information is presented carefully.	
	The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately	
16	describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data	ENT.
16	presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the	[N]
	study.	
	The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and	
	experimental results. Representative data and data that have	
	scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either	
17	the text, a table or figure (i.e., chart, diagram, graph or image), but is	[N]
	not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and	
	figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences.	
	Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear.	
	Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed	
18	as ${}^{a}P$ < 0.05, ${}^{b}P$ < 0.01 ( $P$ > 0.05 usually does not need to be denoted).	
	If there are other series of $P$ values, $^{c}P < 0.05$ and $^{d}P < 0.01$ are used,	[N]
	and a third series of $P$ values is expressed as $^{\rm e}P$ < 0.05 and $^{\rm f}P$ < 0.01.	
	Statistical data is expressed as mean $\pm$ SD or mean $\pm$ SE.	



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The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings.  The 'ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support (i.e., providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services (i.e., useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work.  The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.  The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (i.e.,, "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Mal" reported", "Pan et all <sup>[2-8]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity[6:0]." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et all <sup>[2-8]</sup> , please see reference [8]).			
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order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name ( <i>i.e.</i> ,, "Pang <i>et al</i> "). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma <sup>[1]</sup> reported", "Pan <i>et al</i> <sup>[2-5]</sup> indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity <sup>[6,9]</sup> ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver	[Y]
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		experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The	
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