

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 33947

Title: Oxaliplatin-induced incidental arterioportal shunt mimicking a recurred gastric cancer

Reviewer's code: 01557283

Reviewer's country: Japan

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2017-04-10

Date reviewed: 2017-04-30

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The present case report showing temporal liver nodule associated with oxaliplatin based chemotherapy is very interesting because of the relation to the event of splenectomy and the disappearance after the cessation of oxaliplatin. However, some information need to address. Major comments 1. Introduction. The authors should finally introduce the present rare case associated with oxaliplatin administration. For example, "However, there has been no report about oxaliplatin- induced APS. We herein report a rare case of APS associated with oxaliplatin administration." 2. Case report. Initially, when we reviewed the abnormal arterial enhancing lesion, we assumed it might be an arterial portal shunt in the liver. However, this phenomenon strongly indicated a recurred mass in the liver. The authors should explain why the present arterially enhanced mass was strongly suspected as a gastric cancer liver metastasis. Normally, liver metastatic nodule due to gastric cancer seems hypo-density mass. 3. Discussion. As different from oxaliplatin based chemotherapy for colorectal cancer, the present case underwent

splenectomy. The authors may be able to discuss about oxaliplatin-induced sinusoidal injury in patient undergoing splenectomy. Minor comments. 1. Case Report. Although the pathological finding does seem important in this case report, the authors should describe it shortly. 2. Figure legend 2. The authors should describe the finding of the Figure 2C and 2D, 3. Figure legend 5. Spelling error. "After adjuvant chemotherapy without oxaliplatin, the arterial enhance lesion disappeared."

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 33947

Title: Oxaliplatin-induced incidental arterioportal shunt mimicking a recurred gastric cancer

Reviewer's code: 00036318

Reviewer's country: Greece

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2017-04-25

Date reviewed: 2017-05-04

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is an interesting and well-written case report of a rare adverse effect of oxaliplatin. The report adds useful knowledge for the practising clinicians.

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 33947

Title: Oxaliplatin-induced incidental arterioportal shunt mimicking a recurred gastric cancer

Reviewer's code: 00058696

Reviewer's country: United States

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2017-04-25

Date reviewed: 2017-05-06

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript has been carefully reviewed. There are some issues that make it difficult to read this case report. 1) Title: induced and incidental should not both be used; if the authors wish to use incidental, the title could read: An arterioportal shunt incidental to treatment with oxaliplatin that mimics recurrent (do not use "recurred") gastric cancer 2) On the Title page: Korea must be capitalized. 3) In the Abstract: The first sentence should be the second sentence, and the present second sentence should be the first sentence in this abstract. In the second paragraph: "in its final stage" would not be proper in the absence of metastatic disease; as I understand this case it could read "malignancy was locally invasive, the patient" (not "patients"). In paragraph 3, take out the sentence starting "Fortunately" which sounds like a game of chance; please consider: "Based on a prior report, the patient was continued on treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy following discontinuation of oxaliplatin." In the next sentence consider "resolved, supporting the final diagnosis", instead of "disappeared, confirming

the final diagnosis". In the next sentence, consider "a relapse after two years of additional follow up." Final sentence, consider "recurrent (not "recurred") gastric cancer upon interpretation of multiple imaging modalities". 4) Introduction, line 7: "is caused by" not is cause by. 5) Case Report, line 2: must remove "hugse (sic)" and replace with the tumor size in cm. At the end of sentence two: consider "gastric cardia" rather than cardiac portion. What is the H. pylori status of this patient? Was intestinal metaplasia seen in the gastric biopsies? Paragraph 4, line 1: the authors must clearly explain why they have a difference case and the authors should list the reference here for the reviewed prior case report. 6) Discussion, last sentence: unclear why authors state "mimicking an exacerbated gastric cancer on various images". I would suggest using the wording from the revised abstract. 7) Figure 1: can use an Arrow to demonstrate mass location. 8) Figure 2: can use an Arrow to demonstrate mass location. State location of mass; Describe how AB is different from CD. 9) Figure 3: can use an Arrow to demonstrate mass location. State location of mass; Describe how AB is different from CD. 10) Figure 4: can use an Arrow to demonstrate mass location. Consider "a hypermetabolic region by positron". 11) Figure 5: without should be "without"; Describe how AB is different from CD.