**Hepatitis B Program: Pre / Post Session Survey**

What is your home country?

How many years have you been in the U.S.?

What is your gender?

How old are you?

**For the next section, please answer on a scale of 1 to 5, as indicated:**

* How high is your risk for having Hepatitis B infection (1 = low risk; 5 = high risk)?
* How important is it to test people at risk for Hepatitis B (1 = not important; 5 = very important)?
* How easy is it for you to access medical care (1 = very difficult; 5 = very easy)?
* How comfortable do you feel asking a doctor about Hepatitis B testing (1 = very uncomfortable; 5 = very comfortable)?
* How easy would it be for you to get tested for Hepatitis B (1 = very difficult; 5 = very easy)?
* How easy would it be for you to get treated for Hepatitis B if you tested positive (1 = very difficult; 5 = very easy)?

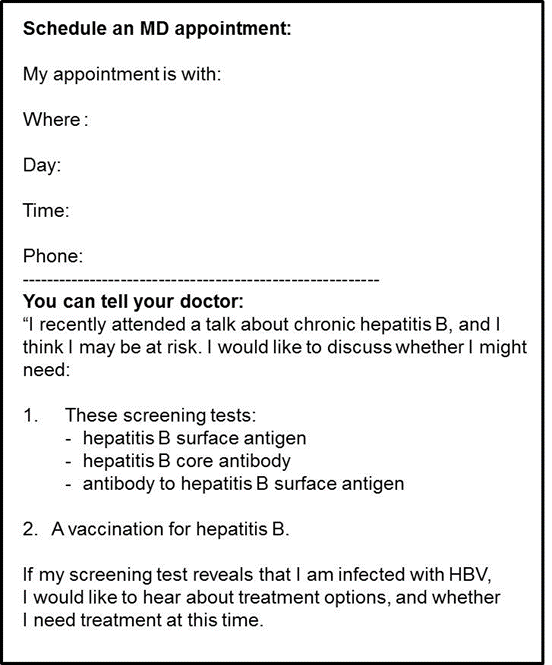
**For the next section, please write a brief open response:**

* If you consider yourself at high risk of Hepatitis B infection, what makes your risk higher? (Examples: country of origin; needle exposures; sexual exposures; other factors
* If you think it is important to test those at risk for Hepatitis B, why is it important?
* If you do not think it is important to test for Hepatitis B, why not?
* If you find it difficult to access medical care, why is it difficult? (Examples: insurance coverage; lack of available doctors; other reasons)
* If you find it uncomfortable to ask your doctor about Hepatitis B testing, why is it uncomfortable?
* If you think it would be difficult for you to get tested for Hepatitis B, why would it be difficult? (Examples: insurance coverage; cost of the test; fear of the blood draw; fear of the results; concerns about confidentiality; lack of time to get tested; other reasons)
* If you think it would be difficult for you to get treated for Hepatitis B, why would it be difficult? (Examples: insurance coverage; cost of treatment; lack of treatment providers; treatment side-effects; the treatment does not work; other reasons)

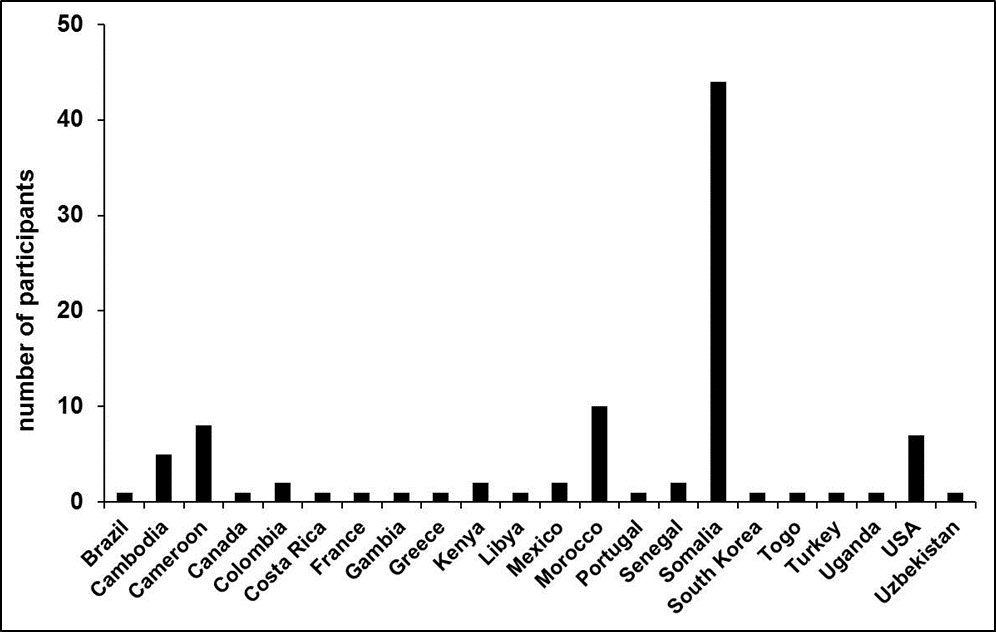
**For the next section, please indicate whether each statement is True or False:**

* Hepatitis B is an infection that affects the kidneys.
* Hepatitis A turns into Hepatitis B, which then turns into Hepatitis C.
* Hepatitis B is the most common liver infection in the world.
* You can get Hepatitis B from touching, sharing food utensils, or drinking too much alcohol.
* The only way to get Hepatitis B is through sexual contact.
* The test for Hepatitis B involves taking a small sample of blood.
* If you have Hepatitis B but do not have symptoms, you do not have to worry about your liver.
* Hepatitis B infection can cause scarring of the liver and liver cancer.
* There is no treatment for Hepatitis B infection.
* If you do not have Hepatitis B, there is a vaccine that can prevent you from getting it in the future.

**Figure S1. Participant Questionnaire.** Participants were asked to complete the same questionnaire prior to and following the study.



**Figure S2. Navigator Card.** All participants were provided with navigator card in English to facilitate HBV discussions with their health care provider and decrease language as barrier to HBV care.



**Figure S3. Country of Origin as reported by participants in pre-session questionnaire.**