



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 38950

Title: Hepatitis B reactivation in patients receiving direct-acting antiviral therapy or interferon-based therapy for hepatitis C: a systematic review and meta-analysis

Reviewer's code: 03262379

Reviewer's country: Iran

Science editor: Ze-Mao Gong

Date sent for review: 2018-03-28

Date reviewed: 2018-03-28

Review time: 10 Hours

SCIENTIFIC QUALITY	LANGUAGE QUALITY	CONCLUSION	PEER-REVIEWER STATEMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	Peer-Review:
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language	(High priority)	<input type="checkbox"/> Anonymous
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	<input type="checkbox"/> Onymous
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of	(General priority)	Peer-reviewer's expertise on the
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not	language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision	topic of the manuscript:
publish	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision	<input type="checkbox"/> Advanced
		<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection	<input type="checkbox"/> General
			<input type="checkbox"/> No expertise
			Conflicts-of-Interest:
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
			<input type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Hello, I reviewed the manuscript entitled "Hepatitis B reactivation in patients receiving direct-acting antiviral therapy or interferon-based therapy for hepatitis C: a systematic review and meta-analysis". This is a well-designed and well-organized meta-analysis for



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evaluation of HBV reactivation in HCV patients undergoing treatment with DAAs. The study showed the importance of HBV reactivation and the need for therapeutic prevention of HBV reactivation in HBV-HCV coinfecting patients treated with HCV DAAs. I have few comments to improve the scientific presentation of the manuscript: 1. In introduction, authors stated "The global prevalence of HBV/HCV dual infection is approximately 5-10%, and the prevalence is reported to be 8.4% in China and 12-14% in East Asia". It is vague the frequency included for HBV infection in patients with HCV or vice versa. 2. There are few included studies with small number of patients even 1 patients. I recommend authors to exclude studies with less than 5 patients. 3. I recommend authors to exclude the subheading "Efficacy of anti-HCV treatment" and the related sentences from discussion and conclusion. Since the treatment of HCV with DAA is impacted by different treatment regimens and also the condition of the disease and patient pooling the data of efficacy from different studies makes no sense. Moreover, the "Efficacy of anti-HCV treatment" is not in line with the main objective of study as "Hepatitis B reactivation in patients receiving direct-acting antiviral therapy or interferon-based therapy for hepatitis C" Regards

INITIAL REVIEW OF THE MANUSCRIPT

Google Search:

- The same title
- Duplicate publication
- Plagiarism
- No

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- The same title



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Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

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Title: Hepatitis B reactivation in patients receiving direct-acting antiviral therapy or interferon-based therapy for hepatitis C: a systematic review and meta-analysis

Reviewer's code: 00503536

Reviewer's country: Japan

Science editor: Ze-Mao Gong

Date sent for review: 2018-04-19

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Review time: 8 Days

SCIENTIFIC QUALITY	LANGUAGE QUALITY	CONCLUSION	PEER-REVIEWER STATEMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	Peer-Review:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language	(High priority)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	<input type="checkbox"/> Onymous
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publish	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Advanced
		<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection	<input type="checkbox"/> General
			<input type="checkbox"/> No expertise
			Conflicts-of-Interest:
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The review written by Jiang X-W et al. summarizes the HBV reactivation in patients receiving anti-HCV treatment. It is a serious problem during the anti-HCV treatment and the review gives the readers important information. There is a concern that needs



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to be addressed. It is not surprising that preemptive anti-HBV therapy could completely suppress HBV reactivation rate with NUCs. However, there might be a problem in cost effectiveness if all patients with HCV patients receiving DAAs concomitantly receive antiviral prophylaxis. A close monitoring of HBV DNA might be sufficient in some patients. Therefore, it is more practical if the patients who should receive preemptive anti-HBV therapy could be limited and selected. The authors should discuss more on that point.

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