

Reviewer #1: This is a very interesting case report, presenting a special case of fish bone ingestion with subsequent migration into the esophageal wall (submucosa). CT scan and EUS investigations were helpful in identification of the position of the foreign body. The authors bring novel solutions for solving the bone extraction using injection of methylene blue into the submucosal layer under EUS guidance for detection of the correct position of the foreign body, and performing ESD for extraction. This intelligent modality is able to help obtaining a smaller incision, and reduce the development of complications such as bleeding and perforation. In this context, we may conclude that this original paper has a high clinical utility and we recommend it for publication.

Answer:

Reviewer #2: Thanks for considering to write up this article and share the value of ESD. Consider changing the title to : Therapeutic endoscopic resolve utilising ESD in a patient presented with dysphagia secondary to foreign body ingestion. Correct a few statements in the abstract and manuscript to match the title Please resubmit after in the right format afterwards BW.

Answer: Thank you for your suggestion. We have changed the title to “Therapeutic endoscopic resolve utilising ESD in a patient presented with dysphagia secondary to foreign body ingestion”, and corrected some statements in the manuscript.

Special comments from the editor:

1 Figure file names should identify the figure and panel. Avoid layering type directly over shaded or textured areas in the figure. Uniform presentation should be used for figures showing the same or similar contents; for example, “**Figure 1 Pathological changes of atrophic gastritis after treatment.** A: ...; B: ...; C: ...; D: ...; E: ...; F: ...; G: ...”. Please provide the figure title.

Answer: Thanks for comments from editor. We have add the figure file names in the manuscript. “Figure: The proccession of fish bone removed by endoscopy. A: Gastroscopic examination suggested that the upper esophageal segment exhibited a strip-shaped submucous bulge. B: CT suggested that the upper esophageal segment contained a high-density band in the right wall. C: Endoscopic ultrasonography revealed that the upper submucosa of the esophagus exhibited a striped hyperechoic mass. D: Remove the fish bone by ESD. E: The fish bone removed by ESD” .

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