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Retrospective Cohort Study

**Cannabis Use History is Associated with Increased Prevalence of Ascites Among
Patients with Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: a Nationwide Analysis**

Cannabis and Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease

Catherine J Choi, Stanley H Weiss, Umair Nasir, Nikolaos T Pyrsopoulos

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Cannabis is Associated with Liver-Related Complications of Nonalcoholic



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Cannabis for Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease

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According to the researchers, the study “revealed that cannabis users showed significantly lower NAFLD prevalence compared to non-users.”. Among the participants, **occasional cannabis** users had a 15% reduced risk for developing nonalcoholic fatty liver disease, while ...

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Apr 13, 2020 · Cannabis may have several benefits for preventing or treating liver disease: **Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease**: In one study, scientists found a 15 percent lower chance of developing nonalcoholic fatty liver disease in those not dependent on marijuana and a 52 percent lower chance in those dependent on weed. **Alcoholic Liver Disease**: Another study looked at

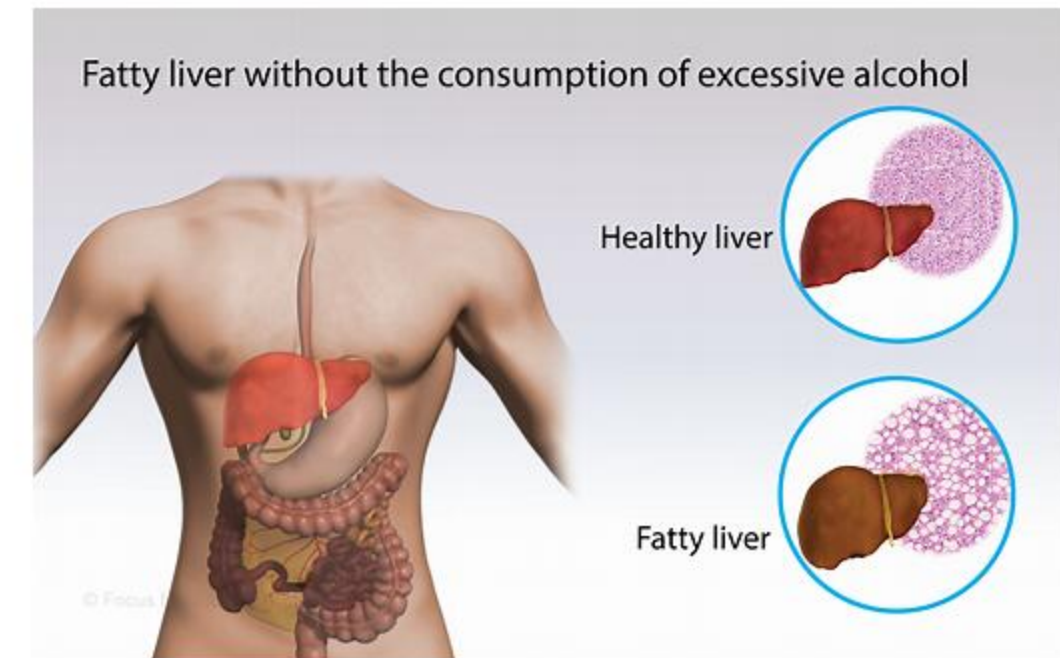
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Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease

Medical Condition



A condition in which fat accumulates in the liver in people who drink little or no alcohol.

 Very common (More than 3 million cases per year in



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Apr 25, 2017 · **Cannabis use** is associated with reduced **prevalence** of obesity and diabetes mellitus (DM) in humans and mouse **disease** models. Obesity and DM are a well-established independent risk factor for **non-alcoholic fatty liver disease** (NAFLD), the most prevalent **liver disease** globally. The effects of **cannabis use** on NAFLD **prevalence** in humans remains ill-defined.

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Introduction. With the increasing adoption of the Western diet and sedentary lifestyle, the **prevalence** of obesity, insulin resistance, type II diabetes, lipid disorders, and metabolic syndrome has been increasing [1]. Individuals with these conditions are at a higher risk of developing cardiovascular disease, which is the leading cause of death in the United States [2].

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Apr 25, 2017 · **Cannabis use is associated** with reduced **prevalence** of obesity and diabetes mellitus (DM) in humans and mouse **disease** models. Obesity and DM are a well-established independent risk factor for **non-alcoholic fatty liver disease** (NAFLD), the most prevalent **liver disease** globally. The effects of **cannabis use** on NAFLD **prevalence** in humans remains ill-defined.

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Does Cannabis Intake Protect Against Non-alcoholic Fatty ...

<https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fgene.2020.00949> ▾

Aug 14, 2020 · Background and AimNon-alcoholic **fatty liver disease** (NAFLD) is the most common chronic **liver disease**. Previous observational studies suggested that **cannabis use** may be **associated** with a lower risk for NAFLD but the causal relationship remains unclear. We aim in this study to examine the causal effect of **cannabis** consumption on the risk of NAFLD using a Mendelian randomization **analysis**.

Author: Xiaokun Wang, Zhipeng Liu, Wanqing...

Publish Year: 2020

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Introduction. With the increasing adoption of the Western diet and sedentary lifestyle, the **prevalence** of obesity, insulin resistance, type II diabetes, lipid disorders, and metabolic syndrome has been increasing [1-3]. Individuals with these disorders have a propensity to accumulate abnormal fat deposits in their **liver**; this is called **nonalcoholic fatty liver disease** (NAFLD).

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Author: Adeyinka Charles Adejumo, Gbeminiyi Ol...

Publish Year: 2019