

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 58935

Title: Neonatal isovaleric acidemia in China: A case report and literature review

Reviewer's code: 00503623

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2020-08-25

Reviewer chosen by: Chen-Chen Gao

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-10-05 14:24

Reviewer performed review: 2020-10-05 15:30

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript is a case report describing a rare recessive inherited organic acidemia caused by a genetic deficiency of isovaleric-CoA dehydrogenase, a mitochondrial matrix enzyme that catalyzes the oxidation of isovaleryl-CoA to 3-methylcrotonyl-CoA in the leucine degradation pathway. The disease, referred to as isovaleric acidemia or IVA, occurs mainly during neonatal period and exhibit a high rate of mortality. Based on GC/MS analysis of blood and urine the 12-day old patient exhibited very high concentration of isovaleryl glycine causing severe metabolic stress and eventually died. This report, in addition to the clinical characteristics of the patient, provide extensive review of the reported cases of IVA over the period of last 14 years. The report is well written, clearly presented and provides an intricate insides that may help clinicians to early diagnose and manage the IVA.