

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 60803

Title: Acute pancreatitis and small bowel obstruction caused by a migratory gastric bezoar after dissolution therapy: A case report

Reviewer's code: 00045989

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: AGAF, FACG, FACP, FASGE, MD

Professional title: Director, Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2020-11-15

Reviewer chosen by: Le Zhang

Reviewer accepted review: 2020-12-26 05:42

Reviewer performed review: 2020-12-30 15:42

Review time: 4 Days and 10 Hours

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors discuss a single case of a patient with a phytobezoar who developed obstruction of the ampulla of Vater with pancreatitis and small bowel obstruction after partial dissolution of the bezoar with Coca Cola. 1. Please explain to the readers how Coca Cola dissolves bezoars. 2. Reference 5 reviews 24 papers and 46 patients treated with Coca Cola for bezoars. Fifty percent of patients were successfully treated with Coke alone, 4 required surgery, and the others required a combination of Coke and endoscopic extraction. After 3 liters of cola lavage or ingestion, complete dissolution of bezoars was only 23.5%. The manuscript would be improved if the Discussion section was expanded. For instance, there are additional reports of intestinal obstruction occurring by a persimmon phytobezoar after dissolution therapy with Coke and data showing that persimmons phytobezoars dissolve poorly with Coke. 3. Consider adding additional references: a. Lu et al. Gastric Outlet Obstruction—An Unexpected Complication during Coca-Cola Therapy for a Gastric Bezoar: A Case Report and Literature Review. *Intern Med*. 2016;55(9):1085-9. doi: 10.2169/internalmedicine.55.5567. Epub 2016 May 1. PMID: 27150859. b. Ha et al. Acute intestinal obstruction caused by a persimmon phytobezoar after dissolution therapy with Coca-Cola. *Korean J Intern Med*. 2007 Dec;22(4):300-3. doi: 10.3904/kjim.2007.22.4.300. PMID: 18309693; PMCID: PMC2687663. 4. The Figures would be improved with the addition of arrows. 5. I think the authors mean “inflammation” of the pancreas; not “infiltration.”