

## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Cases

**Manuscript NO:** 61778

**Title:** Coexistence of cervical extramedullary plasmacytoma and squamous cell carcinoma: A case report

**Reviewer's code:** 03863132

**Position:** Editorial Board

**Academic degree:** PhD

**Professional title:** Assistant Professor, Senior Research Fellow

**Reviewer's Country/Territory:** France

**Author's Country/Territory:** China

**Manuscript submission date:** 2020-12-21

**Reviewer chosen by:** AI Technique

**Reviewer accepted review:** 2021-04-14 15:08

**Reviewer performed review:** 2021-04-26 16:07

**Review time:** 12 Days

<b>Scientific quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
<b>Language quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
<b>Conclusion</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<b>Re-review</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Peer-reviewer statements</b>	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



**Baishideng  
Publishing  
Group**

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite  
160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA  
**Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568  
**E-mail:** [bpgoffice@wjgnet.com](mailto:bpgoffice@wjgnet.com)  
<https://www.wjgnet.com>

#### **SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

In this work the authors report a rare combination of EMP of the genital tract with cervical cancer. The latter, as common cancer, may cause an underestimation of the case diagnosis. In this case, Zhang et al. made use of screening with vaginal ultrasound, enhanced MRI and classical immunohistochemistry stainings to further examine the patient's local lesions. Though the English writing is quite a lot improvable, the case is well described, concise and very easy to follow. Thereby, this reviewer suggests its publication in World Journal of Clinical Cases.