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Acute recurrent pancreatitis: Etiopathogenesis, diagnosis ...

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC25493002>

Dec 07, 2014 - Acute recurrent pancreatitis (ARP) refers to a clinical entity characterized by episodes of acute pancreatitis which occurs on more than one occasion. Recurrence of pancreatitis generally occurs in a setting of normal morpho-functional gland, however, an established chronic disease may be found either on the occasion of the first episode of ...

Cited by: 61 Author: Pier Alberto Testoni
Publish Year: 2014

Idiopathic recurrent acute pancreatitis - The Lancet ...

[https://www.thelancet.com/journals/langas/article/PIIS2468-1253\(18\)30211-5/fulltext](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/langas/article/PIIS2468-1253(18)30211-5/fulltext)

Idiopathic recurrent acute pancreatitis is clinically challenging and has substantial socioeconomic consequences. Investigations are expensive and often reveal little about the cause of the disease. Little is known about the interaction between genetic, environmental, anatomical, and other factors that contribute to the disease. Data on the efficacy, safety, and long-term outcomes of ...

Cited by: 3 Author: Nalini M. Guda, Guru V. Trikudanathan, M...
Publish Year: 2018

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Endoscopic therapy in acute recurrent pancreatitis

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2689405>

Feb 21, 2008 - However, ERCP remains the "first line" therapeutic tool in the management of mechanical causes of acute recurrent pancreatitis, including bile duct stones (choledocholithiasis), ampullary masses (benign and malignant), congenital variants of biliary and pancreatic anatomy (e.g. pancreas divisum, choledochocèles), sphincter of Oddi ...

Cited by: 14 Author: John Baillie
Publish Year: 2008

Recurrent acute pancreatitis: an approach to diagnosis and ...

www.tropicalgastro.com/articles/34/3/recurrent-acute-pancreatitis.html

Recurrent acute pancreatitis (RAP) is defined as more than two attacks of acute pancreatitis (AP) without any evidence of underlying chronic pancreatitis (CP). As the known causes of AP are generally taken care of, RAP usually occurs in the idiopathic group, which forms 20%–25% of cases of AP. The causes of idiopathic RAP (IRAP) can be mechanical, toxic-metabolic, anatomical, or ...

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Manuscript NO: 61865
Manuscript Type: ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Retrospective Cohort Study
Resection of pancreatic cystic neoplasms in recurrent acute pancreatitis prevents recurrent pancreatitis but does not identify more malignancies

Pancreatic Cysts and Pancreatitis

Thiruvengadam Muniraj, Harry R Aslanian, Loren Laine, Priya A Jamidar, James F Farrell, Kisha A Mitchell, Ronald R Salem

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Resection of pancreatic cystic neoplasms in recurrent acute pancrea



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Clinical Pancreatic Cancer

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2023887>

Two patients died in the early postoperative course from acute pancreatitis and pancreatic leak. 12 (resp. 24, 30) months survival rate in the palliative resection group compared to the bypass procedures was 30%: 21%, 30%: 10% and 15%: 8% respectively ($p < 0.05$). There were no significant differences in survival rate between the two groups using ...

Pancreatic Head Resection With Segmental Duodenectomy

<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/5804997...>

In chronic pancreatitis, recent data from randomized controlled clinical trials have demonstrated duodenum-preserving pancreatic head resection with an inflammatory mass of the head as superior to ...

Neoplasms of the exocrine pancreas | Oncohematoma Key

<https://oncohemakey.com/neoplasms-of-the-exocrine-pancreas> ▾

Pathology Histopathology of exocrine pancreatic neoplasms. PDAC accounts for approximately 95% of all neoplasms arising in the pancreas. 133 On histological examination of surgically resected tumors, it is not uncommon to find neoplastic cells infiltrating into lymphatic structures or into the many nerve endings enervating the pancreatic bed, which may explain the pain associated with PDAC.

Pearls and pitfalls of imaging metastatic disease from ...

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0899707115001096>

Sep 01, 2015 · Despite long duration and severe obstruction, acute pancreatitis is an uncommon first presentation of pancreatic carcinoma. Pancreatic carcinoma may, however, present initially as acute pancreatitis in up to 17% of patients without gallstone, alcohol abuse, or Endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) as an etiology [14].

Cited by: 8 Author: Atif Zaheer, Vibhor Wadhwa, Joseph Oh, ...

Publish Year: 2015

William NEALON | Professor and Vice Chairman/Director of ...

<https://www.researchgate.net/profile/William-Nealon>

Pancreatic fluid collections (PFCs) may develop due to inflammation secondary to acute and/or chronic pancreatitis, trauma, surgery, or obstruction from solid or cystic neoplasms.

Abstracts of Papers Submitted to the 42nd Annual Meeting