

Match Overview

1	Crossref 147 words "Transanal Minimally Invasive Surgery (TAMIS) and Transanal Total Mesorectal Excision (taTME)", Springer Science	2%
2	Crossref 68 words Jonathan E Cutting, Sally E Hallam, Michael G Thomas, David E Messenger. "A systematic review of local excisi...	1%
3	Crossref 66 words "The ASCRS Textbook of Colon and Rectal Surgery", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2016	1%
4	Internet 56 words qmro.qmul.ac.uk	1%
5	Internet 49 words eprints.whiterose.ac.uk	1%
6	Internet 47 words crawled on 13-Jan-2021 link.springer.com	1%
7	Crossref 44 words Reconstructive Surgery of the Rectum Anus and Perineum, 2013.	1%
8	Crossref 41 words "UEG Week 2016 Poster Presentations", United European Gastroenterology Journal, 2016	1%

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Manuscript Type: MINIREVIEWS

20
Management of early rectal cancer; current surgical options and future direction

Chavda V *et al.* Management of early rectal cancers

Vijay Chavda, Oliver Siaw, Sanjay Chaudhri, Franscois Runau

Abstract

3
 Rectal cancer is the second commonest cause of cancer death within the United Kingdom. Utilization of national screening programmes have resulted in a greater proportion of patients presenting with early-stage disease. The technique of transanal endoscopic microsurgery was first described in 1984 following which further options for local excision have emerged with transanal endoscopic operation and, more recently, transanal minimally invasive surgery. Owing to the risks of local recurrence.



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Rectal Cancer Treatment, by Stage | How to Treat Rectal Cancer

<https://www.cancer.org/cancer/colon-rectal-cancer/treating/by-stage-rectum> ▾

Treatment for rectal cancer is based mainly on the stage (extent) of the cancer, but other factors can also be important. People with rectal cancers that have not spread to distant sites are usually treated with surgery. Treatment with radiation and chemotherapy (chemo) may also be given before or after surgery. Treating stage 0 rectal cancer

Treating Stage 0 Rectal Cancer

Stage 0 rectal cancers have not grown beyond the inner lining of the rectum. Removing or destroying the cancer is typically all that's needed. You...

Treating Stage I Rectal Cancer

Stage I rectal cancers have grown into deeper layers of the rectal wall but have not spread outside the rectum itself. This stage includes cancers t...

Treating Stage II Rectal Cancer

Many stage II rectal cancers have grown through the wall of the rectum and might extend into nearby tissues. They have not spread to the lymph node...



EXPLORE FURTHER

Rectal cancer - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic

www.mayoclinic.org

Rectal cancer - Diagnosis and treatment - Mayo Clinic

www.mayoclinic.org

How common is the recurrence of rectal cancer and what is ...

www.medscape.com

Stages of Colon Cancer: Stages 1-4 - Healthline

www.healthline.com

Rectal Cancer Survivor Rates, Statistics, & Results | CTCA

www.cancercenter.com

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Local excision and transanal endoscopic microsurgery in ...

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18241006>

Local excision and transanal endoscopic microsurgery in the management of rectal cancer with a focus on early carcinoma. Clark J(1), Ziprin P. Author information: (1)Faculty of Medicine, Imperial College, Department of Biological Surgery & Surgical Technology, Room 1029, 10th Floor, QEOM Building, St Mary's Hospital, Praed St, London, W2 1NY, UK.

Cited by: 3

Author: James Clark, Paul Ziprin

Publish Year: 2008

Causes

•

The exact cause of colon cancer is not known

•

It occurs when healthy cells develop errors in their DNA

•

When the cells' genetic components are mutated, they divide abnormally and accumulate in the colon to form a tumor

•

With time, the abnormal cells can invade the adjacent tissues and migrate to other organs (metastasis)

•

Inherited gene mutations increase the risk of developing colon cancer

•

Inherited colon cancer syndromes include familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP) and hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC)

•

These syndromes are detected through genetic testing

•

Other risk factors include chronic inflammatory diseases, high- fat low- fiber diet, alcoholism, smoking and older age

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Cancer (Medical Condition)

A disease resulting from uncontrolled growth and division of abnormal cells.

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Rectal Cancer Treatment, by Stage | How to Treat Rectal Cancer

<https://www.cancer.org/cancer/colon-rectal-cancer/treating/by-stage-rectum> ▾

Removing the **rectal cancer** with **surgery**; **Surgery** to create a colostomy and bypass the **rectal cancer** (a diverting colostomy) Using a special laser to destroy the cancer within the **rectum**; Placing a stent (hollo...

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Rectal Cancer Surgery | Side Effects of Rectal Surgery

<https://www.cancer.org/cancer/colon-rectal-cancer/treating/rectal-surgery> ▾

Polypectomy and local excision Some **early rectal cancers** and most polyps can be removed during a colonoscopy. This is a procedure that uses a long flexible tube with a small video camera on the end...

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How is a rectal cancer treated before or after surgery? ▾

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Neoadjuvant Combined-Modality Therapy for ... - Cancer Network

<https://www.cancernetwork.com/view/neoadjuvant...> ▾