

Microsoft Bing

国内版 国际版

Angiotensin receptor blocker neprilysin inhibitors for chronic heart

Sign in

ALL IMAGES VIDEOS

1,430,000 Results Any time

A molecular complex, **LCZ696**, developed by scientists at [Novartis](#), combines an angiotensin receptor blocker with a neprilysin inhibitor, is well tolerated, and represents an important step in the management of heart failure and reduced ejection fraction.

Author: Eugene Braunwald  
Cited by: 130  
Publish Year: 2015

[The Path to an Angiotensin Receptor Antagonist-Neprilysin ...](#)  
[www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0735109715002922](http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0735109715002922)

Was this helpful?

See more

PEOPLE ALSO ASK

国内版 国际版

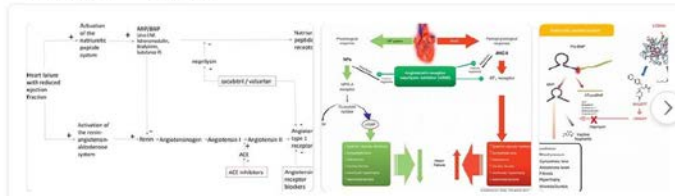
Microsoft Bing

Angiotensin receptor blocker neprilysin inhibitors



ALL IMAGES VIDEOS

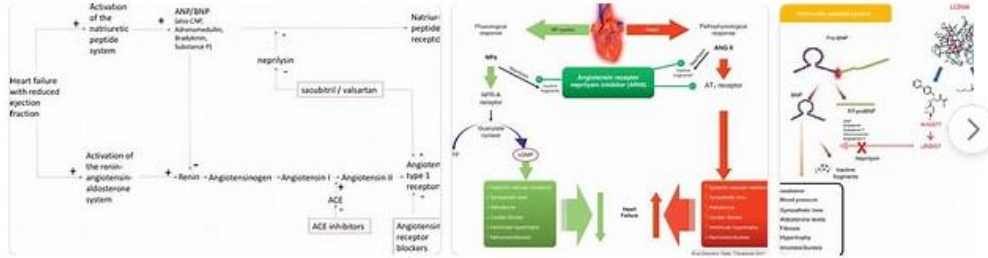
74,200 Results Any time



See more

Angiotensin Receptor-Neprilysin Inhibitor is a combination of a neprilysin inhibitor and an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB). Approved in 2015, **Entresto (sacubitril/valsartan)** is seen as a possible replacement for ACE





Angiotensin Receptor-Neprilysin Inhibitor is a combination of a neprilysin inhibitor and an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB). Approved in 2015, **Entresto (sacubitril/valsartan)** is seen as a possible replacement for ACE inhibitors or other ARBs.

How are angiotensin Receptor-Neprilysin Inhibitors used to tr...  
[www.webmd.com/heart-disease/heart-failure/qa/how-are-angiotensin-receptom...](http://www.webmd.com/heart-disease/heart-failure/qa/how-are-angiotensin-receptom...)

Was this helpful?  

## PEOPLE ALSO ASK

Which aRb is the strongest? ▾

Which Arb has the least side effects? ▾

What are ARBs for hypertension? ▾

Feedback

## Angiotensin II Receptor Blocker Neprilysin Inhibitor (ARNI ...

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26100410>

More recently, the angiotensin receptor neprilysin inhibitor (ARNI) represents a favourable approach to inhibit neutral endopeptidase (NEP) and suppress the RAAS via blockade of the AT1 receptors, without the increased risk of angioedema.