

## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Manuscript NO:** 67144

**Title:** Metabolomics of Fuzi-Gancao on acute liver injury induced by CCl<sub>4</sub> and its regulation of the bile acid profile in rats

**Reviewer's code:** 05084430

**Position:** Peer Reviewer

**Academic degree:** MD, MSc

**Professional title:** Doctor

**Reviewer's Country/Territory:** Portugal

**Author's Country/Territory:** China

**Manuscript submission date:** 2021-04-17

**Reviewer chosen by:** AI Technique

**Reviewer accepted review:** 2021-04-28 10:38

**Reviewer performed review:** 2021-05-10 08:40

**Review time:** 11 Days and 22 Hours

<b>Scientific quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
<b>Language quality</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
<b>Conclusion</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<b>Re-review</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Peer-reviewer statements</b>	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No



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#### **SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

1 - The original findings of this scientific work is that F-G could protect hepatocytes by promoting the binding of free bile acids to glycine and taurine, reducing the accumulation of free bile acids in the liver and may also regulate the compensatory degree of taurine, decreasing the content of taurine-conjugated bile acids to protect hepatocytes. F-G is frequently used in traditional chinese medicine and this scientic work unveils a very interesting metabolic hepatic protection mechanism of F-G. 2- The article is well written and designed and propose a relevant role of F-G in liver injury mechanisms, acting as a protective agent. Indeed, this article by thoroughly describing F-G hepatic role, paves the way for clinical studies evaluating F-G usefulness and safety in clinical practice. 3- This is a basic science article, with remarkable novelty regarding F-G role in hepatic metabolism. Further studies, assessing F-G role in hepatic metabolism will be required prior to validation of clinical use of F-G.