

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 69007

Title: Thoracoscopic resection of a large lower esophageal schwannoma: A case report

and review of the literature

Reviewer's code: 00183481

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Japan

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2021-06-19

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-07-03 02:58

Reviewer performed review: 2021-07-06 07:44

Review time: 3 Days and 4 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors reported a case with a lower esophageal schwannoma. The location of the benign tumor seems rare judging from the literature review. Twelve cases are summarized in a table indicating no immunohistochemical analysis with Sox10 antibody thus far. There are some queries for this case presentation. Major points 1. The reason why lower esophageal schwannomas are rare is not mentioned in this manuscript. Furthermore, the characteristics of lower esophageal schwannomas are required in the discussion part. 2. In page 7, gender seems different in lower schwannoma compared with all schwannomas. It is hard to say this conclusion from the small number of the cases. 3. The usefulness of Sox10 immunostaining is reported in soft-tissue neoplasia. Are there any studies assessed with esophageal schwannomas? Otherwise, the conclusion that Sox 10 is superior to S100 is not adequate in this esophageal schwannoma. 4. A reviewer requests a literature review to compare lower esophageal schwannoma and upper/middle schwannoma. It may enable them a statistical analysis.



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 69007

Title: Thoracoscopic resection of a large lower esophageal schwannoma: A case report

and review of the literature

Reviewer's code: 00188507

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Doctor, Full Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Japan

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2021-06-19

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-07-07 09:43

Reviewer performed review: 2021-07-07 09:47

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors reported the case of esophageal schwannoma diagnosed with histological analyses. The authors' summary of cases provide the important information and will be helpful for the physician. Over all, the manuscript was well written and can be acceptable to the journal.