STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Ite	Recommendation	Page
	No		
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the	2
		(b)Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was	
		done	3
Introduction			
Background/ration		Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being	
ale	2	reported √	3
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses √	3
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper √	5
		Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	
Setting	5	recruitment,exposure, follow-up, and data collection √	5
		(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of	
Participants	6	selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up√	6
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of	
		exposed and unexposed √	6
		Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and	
Variables	7	effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable √	6
Data sources/	8	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of	8
		assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if	
measurement		there is more than one group √	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	
C. I :	10		
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at √	8
O	1	Evoluio la cua su sustituti va varia la la cuarra la castila di la tipa de la castila	
Quantitative	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If	
variables	1 11	applicable,describe which groupings were chosen and why √	9
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	7
Statistical Inetiflous	12	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions √	8
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed √	6
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed √	6
		I(a) Conort study—ir applicable, explain now loss to follow-up was addressed v	0

	1 10	Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls	
		addressed	
		Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account	6
		sampling strategy √	
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	
Results			
Participants	12 /	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially	
Participants		examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing	6
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage $\sqrt{}$	6
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram $\sqrt{}$	6
		c) consider use of a now diagram.	
Descriptive	14 ((a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and	8
data		on exposures and potential confounders	J
GGCG		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	
		(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average a	
Outcome data	15 (Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over	
	(Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary	
	(Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	9
Main results		(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates	
		precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were	9
	١	why they were included √	
	((b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized √	
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a	9
	t	time period √	10
Other analyses	17 6	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and	10
Discussion			
Key results	18 9	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives √	13
Limitations		Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or	13
] [Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	

Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,	13
		of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results √	12
Other information			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if	
		for the original study on which the present article is based $\sqrt{}$	1