

CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS

Manuscript page number (Without Figures): 23 Rate: 6.2 CNY per page

Editing Fee: <u>142.6 CNY</u>

Figure count: __4 __Figure handling time: __120 min_Rate: 1 CNY per min

Editing Fee: <u>120</u> CNY

XML and PDF converting time: 46 min Rate: 1 CNY per min

Editing Fee: <u>46</u> CNY

Manuscript word count: 5423

Total Editing Fee: 308.6 CNY

		Comments
Item No.	Specific items for verification	Yes=[Y]
		No= [N]
	General Information of the Manuscript	
	Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology	
	Manuscript NO.: 71668	
	Column: Retrospective Study	
	Title: Biliary metal stents should be placed near the hilar duct in	
	distal malignant biliary stricture patients	
1	Authors: Mitsuru Sugimoto, Tadayuki Takagi, Rei Suzuki, Naoki	[Y]
	Konno, Hiroyuki Asama, Yuki Sato, Hiroki Irie, Yoshinori Okubo,	
	Jun Nakamura, Mika Takasumi, Minami Hashimoto, Tsunetaka	
	Kato, Ryoichiro Kobashi, Takumi Yanagita, Takuto Hikichi and	
	Hiromasa Ohira	
	Reviewer code: 02897448, 00224495, and 05106340	
	First decision: 2021-11-16 19:51	



	Scientific Editor: Jia-Ru Fan	
	Date of signature: <u>March/18/2022</u> (month/day/year)	
	Editorial Office's Comments	
	Science Editor: Remind Revision at 2021-11-24 08:18	
	Company Editor-in-Chief: I have reviewed the Peer-Review	
	Report, the full text of the manuscript, and the relevant ethics	
	documents, all of which have met the basic publishing requirements	
	of the World Journal of Gastroenterology, and the manuscript is	
	conditionally accepted. I have sent the manuscript to the author(s)	
	for its revision according to the Peer-Review Report, Editorial	
	Office's comments and the Criteria for Manuscript Revision by	
	Authors. Before final acceptance, uniform presentation should be	[Y]
2	used for figures showing the same or similar contents; for example,	
2	"Figure 1Pathological changes of atrophic gastritis after treatment.	
	A:; B:; C:; D:; E:; F:; G:". Please provide	
	decomposable Figures (in which all components are movable and	
	editable), organize them into a single PowerPoint file. Please	
	authors are required to provide standard three-line tables, that is,	
	only the top line, bottom line, and column line are displayed, while	
	other table lines are hidden. The contents of each cell in the table	
	should conform to the editing specifications, and the lines of each	
	row or column of the table should be aligned. Do not use carriage	
	returns or spaces to replace lines or vertical lines and do not	
	segment cell content.	
3	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
4	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is	[Y]



	not too long (no more than 18 words). Words such as 'exploration',	
	'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided.	
	The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic	
	numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	
5	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]
	The authors' full family (sur)names and full/abbreviated first	
6	names are listed on the title page and are consistent with those	[Y]
	listed in the signed BPG Copyright License Agreement form.	
	The 'Author contributions' passage describes the specific	
	contribution(s) made by each author. The author's names are listed	
	in the following format: full family (sur)name followed by	
	abbreviated first and middles names.	
	e.g., "Wang CL and Liang L contributed equally to this work; Wang	
7	CL, Liang L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the	[Y]
	research study; Wang CL, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM performed	
	the research; Xue JZ and Lu JR contributed new reagents and	
	analytic tools; Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF analyzed the data; and	
	Wang CL, Liang L and Fu JF wrote the manuscript. All authors	
	have read and approve the final manuscript."	
	The 'Supported by' statement describes the source(s) of financial	
8	support and includes the corresponding identification number(s)	[N]
	and program ID(s) if available, and contains no spelling errors.	
	The 'Corresponding author' passage provides the corresponding	
	author's full first and family (sur)names, abbreviated title (e.g., MD,	
9	PhD), affiliated institute's name and complete postal address	[Y]
	(including zip code) and e-mail (written in all lowercase), and	
	contains no spelling errors.	
	The Manuscript Tracking information (<i>i.e.</i> , Received, Peer review	
10	started, First decision, Revised, Accepted, Article in press, and	[Y]
-	Published online) are provided along with the corresponding editor	



	and date for each item, and contain no spelling errors.	
11	The Abstract section is formatted according to the article-specific style (structured <i>vs</i> unstructured) and word count thresholds, as follows: <u>Commentary, Frontier, Diagnostic Advances, Medical Ethics,</u> <u>Minireview, Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight</u> : Non-structured abstract that is no less than 200 words. <u>Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor</u> : Non-structured abstract that is no less than 150 words. <u>Research articles</u> : Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no more than 20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS (no less than 120 words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26 words).	[Y]
12	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main content of the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized, and each keyword is separated by a semicolon.	[Y]
13	The "citation" contains authors' names and manuscript title. The name of the first author should be typed in bold letters; the family (sur) name of all authors should be typed with the first letter capitalized, followed by their abbreviated first and middle initials. For example, an article by Jae Moon Yoon, Ki Young Son, Chun Sick Eom, Daniel Durrance, Sang Min Park will be written as Yoon JM, Son KY, Eom CS, Durrance D, Park SM. Pre-existing diabetes mellitus increases the risk of gastric cancer: A meta-analysis. <i>World J</i> <i>Gastroenterol</i> 2019; In press	[Y]
14	The 'Core tip' provides a summary (less than 100 words) of the study that outlines the most innovative and important arguments and core contents of the paper and will serve to effectively attract	[Y]



	readers.	
	The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant	
	background information for the study. Only the most relevant and	
	current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the	
	exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All	
	technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined,	
45	with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in	5.0
15	the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [i.e.,	[Y]
	"computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns (e.g., 'I',	
	'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed	
	by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are	
	described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the	
	current study, the information is presented carefully.	
	The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately	[Y]
16	describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data	
10	presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the	
	study.	
	The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and	
	experimental results. Representative data and data that have	
	scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either	
17	the text, a table or figure (<i>i.e.</i> , chart, diagram, graph or image), but is	[Y]
	not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and	
	figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences.	
	Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear.	
18	Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed	
	as ${}^{a}P < 0.05$, ${}^{b}P < 0.01$ ($P > 0.05$ usually does not need to be denoted).	
	If there are other series of <i>P</i> values, $^{c}P < 0.05$ and $^{d}P < 0.01$ are used,	[Y]
	and a third series of <i>P</i> values is expressed as ${}^{e}P < 0.05$ and ${}^{f}P < 0.01$.	
	Statistical data is expressed as mean \pm SD or mean \pm SE.	



19The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings.[M]20The 'ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support (<i>i.e.</i> , providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services (<i>i.e.</i> , useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work.[M]21The 'ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format.[M]22The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (<i>i.e.</i> , "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Mall'i reported,", "Pan et al ^[0,5] . "The style of reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et al ^[0,5] , please see reference [8]).			
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where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (<i>i.e</i> , "Pang <i>et al</i> "). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma ^[1] reported", "Pan <i>et al</i> ^[2-5] indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity ^[6,9] ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the	
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citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma ^[1] [Y] reported", "Pan <i>et al</i> ^[2-5] indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity ^[6,9] ." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript	
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experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text		sensitivity ^[6,9] ." No superscript numbers are used when the	
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		experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The	
(e.g., Pan et $al^{[2-5]}$, please see reference [8]).		style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text	
		(e.g., Pan et al ^[2-5] , please see reference [8]).	



23	Journal references have been verified to ensure that there are no duplicate references and that the PMID numbers are correct. For references not yet included in PubMed: the name of Chinese journals is spelled out using Chinese Pinyin, with the first letter of each word capitalized (<i>e.g., Shijie Huaren Xiaohua Zazhi</i>); the name of journals in other languages are listed according to indexing information retrieved from Google. Book references are presented with all the information relevant to the electronic version.	[Y]
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27	The order and numerical labeling of tables and figures is consistent with their appearance and presentation in the text. Symbols in tables (<i>e.g.</i> , +, -, ×, \div , *) correctly correspond to the definitions in the footnotes. Only one legend is provided for each multi-panel figure consisting of color graphs, black and white graphs, or line graphs that depicts data of the same theme. For example: Figure 1 Pathological changes in atrophic gastritis tissue before and after treatment. A:; B:; C:; D:; E:; F:	[Y]
28	Split pictures include flow charts, line graphs, histograms, and graphs including text. Unsplit pictures include meta-analysis	[Y]



	diagrams, PCR amplification curves, and survival curves.	
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29	according to the peer-reviewers' comments.	[Y]
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