

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Meta-Analysis

Manuscript NO: 79858

Title: Liver dysfunction-related COVID-19: A narrative review

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03035807

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Chief Doctor, Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Iraq

Manuscript submission date: 2022-09-09

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-09-10 06:34

Reviewer performed review: 2022-09-10 08:37

Review time: 2 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [Y] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous



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statements

Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1 the topic is Liver dysfunction-related COVID-19: A narrative review the authors should focus the liver injury caused by COVID-19 rather than the other factors, it is true that many factors such as drugs can cause liver dysfunction, in this paper, the topic is SARS-CoV-2 induced liver dysfunction. it is highly to expect the authors to focus this point, SARS-CoV-2 caused liver injury, explain riefly the difference from liver injury caused other disorders. please consider to reduce or delete the unrelated section such drug induced liver-injury. 2 the conclusion includes "Hepatic involvements determine the severity of COVID-19. Abnormal liver function tests are more in non-survivors than survivors." please show the specific data or evidence in the text. 3 please explain what is NAFLD? (Another liver disease NAFLD also exists in COVID-19 patients and has more potential for liver dysfunction. The increased risk of NAFLD with severe COVID-19 has presently more than in non-NAFLD patients) 4 pelase expalin the relationship of lung injury and liver injury caused by COVID-19. 5 there are many grammer errors, that is difficult to understant, such as By the 11th of March 2020, a declaration by WHO that COVID-19 is a global pandemic percentages between 15-53% of individuals infected with SARS-CoV-2 presented with liver injury About 1 to 2.5 persons in the US nation infected with COVID-19 have some kind of hepatitis[30]; therefore, the most organ frequently affected by SARS-CoV-2 is the liver AST concentration is at a higher level in liver injury[41] it is related to an approximately 25% raised in liver biochemical tests In treating the previous underlying hepatic diseases, such antiviral drugs for treating HBV or HCV could interfere while healing COVID-19 resulting in HCV and HBV viral activity and aggravating liver inflammation[32] Biopsies from post-mortem wedge liver from 48 infected subjects



with severe SARS-CoV-2 disease who died have reported that the vascular alterations differentiated through the elevated count of portal vein branches related to massive lumen dilatation, marked focal enlargement and fibrosis of the portal tract as well as complete or partial luminal blood clotting of the portal and sinusoidal vessels[56].



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Reviewer's code: 05450115

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MM

Professional title: Attending Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Iraq

Manuscript submission date: 2022-09-09

Reviewer chosen by: Dong-Mei Wang

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-10-23 14:32

Reviewer performed review: 2022-10-23 14:59

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous





statements

Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors summarized the various aspects of hepatic involvement during the COVID-19 course or following its vaccination in this mini-review.



RE-REVIEW REPORT OF REVISED MANUSCRIPT

Name of journal: World Journal of Meta-Analysis

Manuscript NO: 79858

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Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

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Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Chief Doctor, Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Iraq

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Reviewer chosen by: Ji-Hong Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-11-30 03:16

Reviewer performed review: 2022-11-30 03:48

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I can not find any significant errors after careful reviewing this manuscript and suggest it to be published soon.