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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Pharmacology

Manuscript NO: 81684

Title: Recurrent ciprofloxacin induced hypoglycemia in a non-diabetic patient: Case Report

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 02602042

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor, Dean, Deputy Director, Research Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Saudi Arabia

Manuscript submission date: 2022-11-25

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-12-02 05:49

Reviewer performed review: 2022-12-08 02:36

Review time: 5 Days and 20 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No



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Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a complicated clinical case. The patient underwent exploratory laparotomy and intestinal surgeries repeatedly due to severe bowel perforation, ischemia and infection, and suffered from an episode of symptomatic hypoglycemia following the use of ciprofloxacin. Several case reports and studies had showed that ciprofloxacin could cause fatal hypoglycemia even in nondiabetic and previously healthy patients. In this case, old age, AKI, and severe illness condition should be the main risk factors for the ciprofloxacin-related hypoglycemia, which would be elaborated more in discussion section. On the other hand, levels of blood C-peptide and insulin were not examined during the period of using ciprofloxacin, which should be a limitation for explaining the mechanism of hypoglycemia caused by ciprofloxacin.