



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: *World Journal of Gastrointestinal Surgery*

Manuscript NO: 82040

Title: Mallory-Weiss syndrome from giant gastric trichobezoar: A case report

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05743795

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2022-12-03

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-12-05 08:15

Reviewer performed review: 2022-12-05 08:53

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous



statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors present the case of a young woman with a Mallory-Weiss Syndrome due to a giant intragastric trichobezoar formed after several years of a misunderstood condition of hair-eating. This is an interesting and rare case report about Mallory-Weiss Syndrome. It may help us better understand the causes of Mallory Weiss syndrome and is of publication value. But there are some things that need to be modified or reminded of: Major concerns: 1. The hematological examination should provide a detailed table, including some nutritional indicators. 2. There are a lot of spelling mistakes and grammatical errors in the article, which need to be corrected carefully: (1) Introduction part: the lower esophageal sphincter remaining; because the hemorrhage can occur when the erosion advances to submucosal vessel (2) Chief Complaints part: stopped eating solid food and switched to an almost exclusive; This led to a significant weight loss. (3) History of past illness part: Consequently, the aesthetical aspect of the girl worsened, (4) OUTCOME AND FOLLOW-UP part: she was successfully followed by a psychiatrist for the management of her mental stress. (5) DISCUSSION part: Hiatal hernia, chronic nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug (NSAID) abuse, hyperemesis gravidarum, or repeated abdominal efforts are usually the more frequent predisposing factors, even if this condition may appear also in absence of any other pathology; is a solid cluster of hair voluntary or accidentally ingested; Due to the significant weight loss and continuous vomiting episodes, an eating disorder, rather than an obstruction, was suspected. During COVID19 pandemic; A pathological amount of indigestible material, such as vegetable fibres, or plastic or paper objects, in the gastric cavity is possible in different categories of patients (6) CONCLUSION part: before it becomes presence of a bezoar and early proceed in removing it



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 01206150

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Chief Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2022-12-03

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-12-07 02:23

Reviewer performed review: 2022-12-08 01:11

Review time: 22 Hours

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: <input type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Onymous



statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The manuscript “Mallory-Weiss syndrome from giant gastric trichobezoar: a clinical case.” Submitted by E. Lieto et Al was an unique and very intresting case. There were some spelling and grammar errors in the manuscript,the language need to be revised, the following were some examples: 1. both a rised (increased)intra gastric pressure. 2. in a 16 year-old girl with chronic psychiatric dystress rised(deteriorated). 3. eat her hair since 5 years before(ago). 4. and its concistence (characteristic, or nature) was so hard. 5. At (according to) our knowledge. 6. a young woman with a Mallory-Weiss Sindrome(syndrome) 7. condition of hear-eating(hair). 8. an upper gastrointestinal endoscopy were uesd (used). 9. This led to a significant wieght (weight) loss. 10. was present and easily bled? during the endoscope transit. 11. gained 7 kg and returned to eating (eat) a regular, solid-food diet. 12. also in absence oh (or) any other pathology. 13. At (according to, or based on)our knowledge, the concomitance of a MWS 14. to seek medical treatment diagnose and surgically treat the condition. This sentence should be” to seek medical treatment diagnose and treat the condition surgically.” 15. upper gastrointestinal hemorrhage in a tertuary(tertiary) referral hospital. 16. Risk factors for Mallory-Weiss tear durung(during) endoscopic submucosal dissection of superficial esophageal neoplasms. Worl (World) J Gastroenterol