

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World	Journal of Clinical Cases
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Manuscript NO: 82614

Title: Pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor detected by technetium-99m methoxy-2-isobutylisonitrile single photon emission computed tomography/computed

tomography: A case report

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 00071178 **Position:** Editor-in-Chief

Academic degree: FACS, FICS, MD, PhD

Professional title: Professor, Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Turkey

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-01-19

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-01-20 05:20

Reviewer performed review: 2023-01-28 19:29

Review time: 8 Days and 14 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty



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Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation
Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

There is no need to present all blood results in a tabular form in this article. In this case report, the importance of radiological images is explained, so I suggest deleting the table and explaining the results in the table in the text. The authors stated that there is no "68Ga-DOTATATE PET/CT" technology in China in the study. This is not true. There are tens of thousands of studies using advanced technology (including DOTA PETCT) published. It would have been more understandable if the author had stated that this technology was not available in their center. In the discussion section, a paragraph should be written about the place of 68Ga-DOTATATE PET/CT technology in NET behavior and the difference between MIBI and DOTATE should be stated.



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03397971 Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Assistant Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Italy

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-01-19

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-01-27 06:17

Reviewer performed review: 2023-01-29 18:01

Review time: 2 Days and 11 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance	
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection	
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection	
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No	
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No	

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors reported their experience on the usefulness of 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT for detecting pancreatic NET. They presented a single case of a 57-year-old woman admitted with a 1-day history of persistent upper abdomen distending pain. The upper abdomen distending pain aggravated after eating, with nausea and retching. Routine blood test showed high level of neutrophil percentage, low levels of leukomonocyte percentage, monocyte percentage, leukomonocyte count, and eosinophil count. Abdominal plain CT showed a mass with multiple calcifications between the pancreas and the spleen. The boundary between the mass and pancreas and spleen was ill-defined. Contrast-enhanced CT revealed that the upper abdominal mass was unevenly enhanced. 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT showed that a focal radioactive concentration, with mild radioactive concentration extended into the upper abdominal mass, was present at the pancreatic body and tail. The 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT manifestations were consistent



with the final pathological diagnosis of pancreatic NET. The authors concluded that 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT seems to be a valuable tool to detect pancreatic NET. The authors should be congratulated for their work.



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Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03270412 Position: Editorial Board Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Full Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Turkey

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-01-19

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-01-30 04:19

Reviewer performed review: 2023-01-30 04:29

Review time: 1 Hour

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [Y] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty



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Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Dear Author(s), 1.Is the diagnosis of neuroendocrine tumor made by hematoxylin and eosin staining. Are other stanings needed? 2. Approach to a patient with a calcified mass in the pancreas Is it a 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT shot? Why is the first shot 99mTc? 3. How can an inoperable tumor be operated without biopsy? 4.Line 106...Excision of the pancreatic body and tail, upper abdominal mass and spleen was performed 2 days after 99mTc-MIBI SPECT/CT. Where is the surgery macroscopy



RE-REVIEW REPORT OF REVISED MANUSCRIPT

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Reviewer's code: 00071178 Position: Editor-in-Chief

Academic degree: FACS, FICS, MD, PhD

Professional title: Professor, Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Turkey

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-01-19

Reviewer chosen by: Si Zhao

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-03-02 14:15

 $\textbf{Reviewer performed review: } 2023\text{-}03\text{-}02\ 14\text{:}21$

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection



 Peer-reviewer
 Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

 statements
 Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Thank you for revision To my ponion, this case can be publish