

# PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Hepatology

Manuscript NO: 84715

Title: Shifting perspectives in liver diseases after kidney transplantation

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05447441 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

**Professional title:** Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

**Author's Country/Territory:** Croatia

Manuscript submission date: 2023-03-26

**Reviewer chosen by:** AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-03-29 06:22

Reviewer performed review: 2023-04-09 15:46

**Review time:** 11 Days and 9 Hours

Scientific quality	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [ Y] Grade C:  Good [ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ Y] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous  Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

## SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. This paper focused on the liver disease after KT, which has a significant impact on the survival and quality of life of these patients; 2. The article is relatively detailed. The article describes the effects of NAFLD viral hepatitis, drug-induced liver damage and other aspects on survival and quality of life after kidney transplantation. Appeal Healthcare professionals to prioritize KT recipient screening for liver disease. Early diagnosis and referral to a hepatologist is critical to manage underlying liver issues. 3. However, the article should also cover the influence of some metabolic factors on the liver, such as liver damage caused by abnormal metabolism of alcohol, copper and iron, such as Wilson Disease and haemochromatosis. And autoimmune liver diseases, such as AIH and PBC, all of which need to be considered. 4. It is mentioned in the article: "Therefore, in chronically infected patients without signs of hepatitis, liver fibrosis or cirrhosis, without extrahepatic manifestations of HBV and with low viral replication rates (as determined by HBsAg and HBV DNA), treatment is not usually recommended by professional society guidelines. [23,27]" While in fact, increasingly guidelines recommend aggressive antiviral therapy for patients with CHB, as long as



HBVDNA is detectable, especially in people over 30 years of age and with a family history of HCC and cirrhosis.



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**Title:** Shifting perspectives in liver diseases after kidney transplantation

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03303427 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: PhD

**Professional title:** Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

**Author's Country/Territory:** Croatia

Manuscript submission date: 2023-03-26

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-04-17 10:50

Reviewer performed review: 2023-04-19 13:27

**Review time:** 2 Days and 2 Hours

	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [ ] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ Y] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[ ]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous  Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1, In the part of "NAFLD and CKD", there is too little written about your title liver diseases. 2, Maybe it will be better to retouch the language in the discussion section.



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Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03664208 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: BCPS

**Professional title:** MHSc

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

**Author's Country/Territory:** Croatia

Manuscript submission date: 2023-03-26

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-04-16 11:29

Reviewer performed review: 2023-04-27 10:18

**Review time:** 10 Days and 22 Hours

Scientific quality	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Good [ Y] Grade C: Fair [ ] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ Y] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous  Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

## SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Liver is the most common organ complicated by kidney transplantation. In addition to Autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD), this study focuses on the causes and treatment progress of four major types of liver diseases complicated by non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, viral liver disease, liver injury induced by COVID-19 and drug-induced liver injury after kidney transplantation. It provides the idea for prevention and early treatment of liver complications after clinical kidney transplantation. This study is an updated review of liver disease associated with kidney transplantation, which is somewhat innovative and coherent. Overall, this study has clinical significance. There are, however, some shortcomings in the study, the following suggestions are put forward: 1.In my opinion, the title "Shifting perspectives in liver diseases after kidney transplantation" does not accurately reflect the main content of the article and needs to be modified. 2. There are 7 keywords in the paper. It is recommended to list 3 to 5 keywords. 3. The INTRODUCTION briefly proposed the etiology of liver disease after kidney transplantation, but does not fully describe the background and status of current research, so a supplement is recommended.. 4. It is



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suggested to add the topic of Table 1. 5. A total of 120 references are cited in this article, which is relatively large, and the latest references are recommended. 6. In each subsection of this article, the research progress of various liver diseases after kidney transplantation is not detailed, and it is suggested to supplement and focus on the latest research progress in related fields that the authors are currently concerned about.