STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cohort studies*

Item No	Recommendation
Page	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract
1	(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done
	and what was found
Page	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported
Page	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses
Page	Present key elements of study design early in the paper
Page	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment,
6	exposure, follow-up, and data collection
Page	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of
6	participants. Describe methods of follow-up
	(b) For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and
	unexposed
Page	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect
6	modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable
Page	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of
6	assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is
	more than one group
_	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias
	Explain how the study size was arrived at
	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable,
_	describe which groupings were chosen and why
	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding
_	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions
•	(c) Explain how missing data were addressed
	(d) If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed
	(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses
	(c) 2 vocitor and ovining analyses
Daga	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially
_	eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study,
,	completing follow-up, and analysed
	(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage
	(c) Consider use of a flow diagram
Рапа	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and
_	information on exposures and potential confounders
,	(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest
	(c) Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)
	Page 1 Page 5 Page 6 Page 6 Page 6 Page 6 Page

Main results	Page	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and
	8	their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were
		adjusted for and why they were included
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a
		meaningful time period
Other analyses	Page	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and
	8	sensitivity analyses
Discussion		
Key results	Page	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives
	9	
Limitations	Page	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or
	9	imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias
Interpretation	Page	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,
	9	multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence
Generalisability	Page	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results
	9	
Other information		
Funding	Page	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if
	9	applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based

^{*}Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at http://www.strobe-statement.org.